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VOL 29 BLOOMSBURG, PA., FRIDAY, SEPTEMBER 7, 1894. NO 36

THE PROHIBITION CONVENTION.

The Prohibitionists of Columbia county assembled in the Court House in County Convention last Saturday afternoon. They effected an organization and nominate a full ticket, as follows:

S. W. Dickson, of Berwick, county chairman, called the delegates to order and spoke encouragingly of the present and future prospects of their party

In effecting a permanent organization Rev. Brewster, of Berwick, was called to the chair by unanimous choice, M. P. Lutz having declined the honor in favor of Mr. Brewster.

Upon taking the gavel the Chairman spoke briefly but encouragingly of the work before them and the hopes entertained for the future. Later on in the proceedings he remarked, "I had rather be nominated for an office on the Prohibition ticket with the full knowledge of certain defeat than to be nominated and elected to the best and highest office within the gift of either of the old parties."

The proceedings were formally opened with prayer by Rev. Womeldorf, of Bloomsburg.

All pronounced Prohibitionists were here granted full privileges and membership of the convention, as were also members of the W. C. T. U., and their auxiliaries.

For Secretary, W. A. Pitts, of Orangeville, was chosen with out opposition. The proceedings of the last convention were read and approved.

After music by the Berwick band nominations were declared as in order.

For Representatives, W. J. Bidleman, of Bloomsburg, and Thomas Seabourne were nominated without opposition.

For Sheriff, C. W. Shannon, of Berwick, secured the nomination.

For Jury Commissioner, Aaron Smith, of Hemlock, was nominated.

For Coroner, David Baucher, of Berwick, was placed in nomination

For Congressional Conferees, S. W. Dickson, of Berwick, M. P. Lutz, of Bloomsburg, and O. B. Taylor, of Berwick, were selected.

After music the nomination of County Chairman was given to E. M. Kester, of Bloomsburg, by unanimous vote of the convention. In a neat little speech he thanked the Convention for the honor conferred upon him, and expressed the opinion that with the co-operation of all present and all others favoring righteousness and Prohibition something substantial might be accomplished.

A vote of thanks was given the retiring Chairman, S. W. Dickson, and S. W. Pitts was re-elected County Secretary.

A proposition to take up a collection was defeated, with the assurance that money sufficient would be otherwise raised for the good work.

To perfect the standing committee M. P. Lutz was again elected Treasurer. And the better to exert a newspaper influence subscribers to a Prohibition newspaper were solicited.

The numerical strength of the Convention was observed by Aaron Smith, who took occasion to comment upon it with some warmth of feeling that was devoid of any great expectation as to their present political success. He remembered much weaker conventions, and upon this fact he dwelt briefly.

The Chairman also expressed his sentiments with considerable of feeling. Touching a popular train of thought among the delegates this speaker was frequently interrupted with applause.

Charles Low, of Orangeville, a consistent and enthusiastic Prohibitionist, touched upon some wholesome truths bearing rather unfavorably upon the chronic weaknesses of the old parties, charging that "beer and boodle" was still their greatest leverage. This was too much for Mr. James McCormick, a spectator. He took exceptions to Mr. Low's base charge against the old parties and called him down as out of order. It was soon discovered, however, that Mr. McCormick was himself somewhat out of order, and the proceedings of the Convention were permitted to proceed. With some other little exceptions Mr. Low's remarks were generally endorsed.

Bills were ordered paid, appropriate resolutions read and adopted, thanks voted to certain newspapers and the W. C. T. U., and their auxiliaries, before adjournment, when the band played.

Ahead again, and mark the moral contrast: While Luzerne county jail is now boarding 150 more or less villanious prisoners, the Columbia county jail now spreads her table-cloth so as to entertain only a half a dozen guests; and two-thirds of these, most likely, have plead "not guilty," in the face of a contrary conclusion on the part of the court.

COUNCIL PROCEEDINGS.

Shall we or Shall we Not Have an Electric Railway in Bloomsburg? That's the Question.

Pursuant to adjournment Council met on Thursday night, August 30th, to discuss the matter and prearrange for the formulation of an ordinance granting right of way under certain restrictions and requirements upon the part of the anticipated Electric Street Railway Company.

Present, President Drinker, and Members Yost, Knorr, Sterling, Hicks and Wilson.

First under consideration was the streets over which the cars were to pass. They were enumerated as Second, East, Fifth, Market and Leonard.

The tram rail was designated as the kind to be used in the built-up portion of the town, and a single track was to be laid unless otherwise provided for.

All poles erected by the company to be subject to the free use of the town also.

The Company to keep their tracks filled with substantial material so that the public can drive on and over same with safety.

Construction of said road to be commenced within three months and completed within one year, or franchise forfeited to the town.

The Company shall grade all streets upon which they put tracks—where the same are not already graded.

An annual permit shall be taken out by the Company to run their cars, and each car is to be taxed $10 per year. Cars not to be run faster than six miles an hour within the town limits, subject to same penalty as for fast driving.

One third of all the streets granted to be paved by the Company same as other portion of street.

If over-head electric wires are used they are to be so arranged as not to damage property.

The Company to be at all times subject to the reasonable control of the town, in making changes, &c.

All sidings or switches put in to be subject to the approval of the Council.

In case of a heavy fall of snow necessitating shoveling the same from the tracks the streets are not in any way to be blocked up, but the surplus snow to be removed within a reasonable time, or the town to do the same at the Company's expense.

These and numerous other suggestions were talked over to be framed in the ordinance which is to be brought up for passage at next meeting.

Immediately after the above meeting Council reassembled, and upon complaint being made as to the poor condition of the walks in front of N. J. Hendershott's properties on Second street, it was moved and seconded and duly carried that the President notify Mr. Hendershott to relay said pavements and the crossing leading to Taylor's bottling establishment, in accordance with Ordinance No. 60, within 30 days. In default of which the town to do the work with 20 per cent. added.

Adjourned.

Preparations for County Fair.

Preparations for the Annual Columbia County Fair are already being made. Bicycle races are being arranged for with inducements in shape of premiums as follows: Novice race, $20, $12 and $8. County riders, $25, $15 and $19. Open to all, $30, $20 and $10.

The judges and assistants are appointed and requisite alterations for the convenience of man and beast are being carefully made. This years' Fair promises to maintain its enviable record as a great attraction from far and near.

TAX COLLECTING IN BLOOMSBURG.

J. K. Bittenbender, tax collector, presents the following commendable showing. His total collections in sixty days from receipt of duplicate being $12,853.87, as follows:

Dog tax,	$ 24.50
State,	1,121.47
County,	3,407.81
School,	6,775.25
Poor,	1,524.84
	12,853.87

Commissions and discounts $856.98.

Total paid out as follows:

Dog tax,	$ 22.57
State,	1,044.09
County,	3,172.67
School,	6,307.76
Poor,	1,448.60

There is tax to be paid yet on 296 dogs, only 49 owners out of the whole lot having paid this tax. It is a question whether the fault is with the dogs or with the owners.

A RUNAWAY.

A horse hitched to a milk-wagon, the property of Michael Ohl, went tearing down Main street on Monday morning. The people observing it ran to their doors or into the street expecting every moment to see the lad in the wagon thrown out and killed. But being either of determined will to master the horse or else so caged that he could not get out of the swaying wagon, he hung on to the lines and frequently pulled the horse from right to left as he plunged along. Though it was a very dangerous predicament and an exciting scene, we are glad to report the boy so guided the plunging animal as to escape a general smash up to his wagon and those that he passed. The speed being broken considerably, a safe turn was made from Main to West street, where the horse was pulled up against the awning at Pennsyl's store willing to consider himself mastered by the plucky little lad behind him. There was no one hurt, and aside from the loosened shaft which had frightened the horse, no damage was done.

RACING.

The fastest pacing on record is that of "Robert J," as achieved at Fort Wayne, Ind., on the 31st of August, when the distance of one mile was gotten over in the space of 2 minutes and 3¾ seconds. This is remarked by sportsmen as the fastest time yet made. But as other horses have covered the same distance in very near the same time, it is hardly safe to bet on the reputed fastest horse these days. At this same race "Alix" got around in 2:05¼, and when you get down to such fine fractional parts of a second, the race is as apt to depend upon the timekeeper quite as much as upon the actual speed of the horse.

HOME THRIFT.

The J. G. Wells property, on Main street, now occupied by J. M. Gidding & Co., has recently been enlarged and renovated. And the fine jewelry establishment of Mr. Wells, in the property of Mr. Elwell, has also been largely replenished with a very fine line of goods. All this in the face of the hard times which Mr. Wells and the rest of us insists upon denouncing. Bloomsburg is a peculiar town that puts out her money while she growls at high and low protection. Thus she makes times easy when they would be hard, and her growling at hard times elsewhere does no particular harm here.

THE SCHOOLS OPEN.

On Monday our pavements were enlivened by the usual throng of joyous little folks on their way to the public schools. And on Tuesday the more aged and studious faces of many Normal School scholars were also to be seen, with arms loaded with books, &c., and looking as though bent upon qualifying themselves for the higher duties of life. It is well for the student to remember, and especially those who don't want to be crowded all through life, that there is some truth in the saying "there is always room at the top." Bloomsburg boasts particularly, as she well may, of her facilities to give the studious aspirants quite a boost.

The Coming Fair at Brook Park, Lewisburg, Pa.

The forty-first annual fair of the Union County Agricultural Society will be held at Brook Park, Lewisburg, on Sept. 25, 26, 27 and 28. Excursion rates on all railroads. It is one of the oldest organizations of the kind in the country, and with increased age its exhibitions become better. This fact will be demonstrated this year more than ever before, as the management is composed of enterprising gentlemen, who have formulated a list of premiums that will prove very attractive to owners of fast horses, live stock raisers, farmers and farmers' organizations, manufacturers and others. Full particulars are given in pamphlets issued by the Society, which can be had on application or by addressing G. E. Long, Sec'y, Lewisburg, Pa. The public is assured that this year's exhibition will prove preeminently attractive.

A Backslider from the Gold Cure.

E. J. Bowman was arrested and taken before Burgess Boyle last evening charged with being drunk and incapable of caring for himself. Chief Millington and Officer Delaney made the arrest. He was fined $4.25.—*Nanticoke News.*

Edward: "If at first you don't succeed, try, try again."

BRIEF MENTION

About People You Know.

Prof. G. E. Wilbur is again at home and at his post of duty.

Miss Mary Beers and Mrs. Gilmore went to Muncy Station on Monday last.

Miss Jennie Sands, of Buckhorn, was the recent guest of Mrs. Wm. Beers.

As among those lately returning from a brief outing we mention Ralph Hartman.

Asa Deily took a run to Catawissa on Saturday last.

Mrs. George W. Driesbach, of Jersey City, is the guest of Mrs. Wm. Beers.

George Sloan has recently taken position as secretary in the employ of the Novelty Works Co.

The genial and companionable W. A. Evert, Esq., visited Harrisburg on legal business on Friday last.

Mrs. Sanford Runyon, who has been somewhat indisposed for some time is now in improved condition of health.

Among those on the sick-list in Bloomsburg we mention Mrs. G. W. Dreisbach, Mrs. Sanford Runyan, Dr. Schuyler and J. M. Hower.

Howard Furman, Addison Hoffman, Will L. Crist and Eugene Carpenter Sundayed in Danville. It is said there was an attraction there for each of them.

Rev. Houtz, of Orangeville, gave this office a business call on Monday. This gentleman's brief outing to the seashore seems to have been beneficial.

Ira Kitchen, of West Hemlock, called on Tuesday to pay his respects to the COLUMBIAN. We found him a pleasant conversationlist, who in common with farmers generally has felt the effects of the long-continued drougth.

I. W. Hartman, who was called to Williamsport on jury duty on Monday, succeeded in getting a provisional excuse or furlough. That is, he was permitted to come home with the understanding that he might be called back to duty before adjournment of court.

W. H. Gilmore, W. B. Taylor, M. Ellenbogen, Frank Shelhart, Charles Stohner, J. B. Casey, Jerome Woodring, Lem Drake, Joseph Zeigler, Charles Fornwald, Charles H. Reice, David Edwards, Wm. Millard, Frank Deitrick, Wm. Deitrick, Edward Casey, Andrew Solleder and Frank Rinker, comprised a party who took a wagon excursion recently to Benton. Here they were royally entertained by Mr. and Mrs. Kelchner of the Exchange Hotel. No doubt the club found the water as cold and the air as fresh as the drougth and the dust would permit.

AN ORGAN RECITAL.

Miss Beach, of Philadelphia, will give an Organ Recital in the Presbyterian Church on Friday night, September 7th., assisted by Mrs. T. G. Yorks, Mrs. H. W. Hodgdon and Miss Vida Miller as vocalists. Admission 35c.

Miss Beach will be favorably remembered in this place as an accomplished organist, as she has already appeared before a Bloomsburg audience with much success, and there should be a good sized audience to greet her on this occasion, as it will without doubt be a most enjoyable affair.

Faithful Officials.

Sheriff Mourey is among the faithful officials about the Court-House who never deems it two much trouble to attend to the business of his office punctually. We intend no flattery by saying this much to those who elected him. And while on the subject we may say that a short acquaintance and brief observation of all the other officials now representing the people at the county seat leads us to say that we know of no one of them that is either abusing his trust or neglecting his duties. And we ask no particular favor for this unusual comment when speaking of public officials.

Shall We go Over or Under the Railroad?

On Friday last a hearing was had upon the motion to dissolve the injunction obtained by the supervisors of Catawissa township against the Penn. Railroad Co. Nothing being effected, adjournment was taken until Friday of this week in order to afford an opportunity to take testimony, &c. R. R. Little and T. J. Vanderslice represent the interests of the township, and L. E. Waller and Grant Herring appeared for the railroad company. Whether we had better cross over or dive under, is the question in this case.

Bicycle Stealing.

Harry Kessler, of Unityville, who stole a bicycle from Dr. Gardner's son and then couldn't ride it after all, was helped out of his trouble, after arrest, by John S. Girton, of Greenwood, and his brother-in-law, R. N. Keller. The friends who kept the lad out of jail informed our reporter that this little indiscretion on the part of Kessler cost them a trifle over $38. Bicycles are only good things to have when you can own them and pay for them; otherwise they are more trouble than they are worth.

Let the good news be known. Cloth knee pants, 15c.

LOWENBERG'S

The Grand Old Stand

is being restocked with elegant new

Clothing, Hats and Furnishings,

at lower prices than other merchants can afford to sell them.

--COMING IN EVERY DAY--

immense quantities of goods bought for cash and at depression of trade prices. Tell your neighbors and let them tell it again that Lowenberg's, the store where the good clothes come from, is being restocked with an immense stock of fall and winter clothing at Wilson bill reduced prices.

OUR FALL LINE OF HATS IS NOW READY.

We always handle a little better grade at lower prices than anyone else. The "Duke of York," the newest derby. See our Dandy, a $2.50 stiff hat for $2.00. $1.00 Tourist hat. All our children's clothing will have reinforced knees, reinforced seats, this fall, and the most beautiful line we have ever had at quick selling prices.

LOWENBERG'S,

Known by the people as

The Oldest and Most Reliable Clothing Store in Bloomsburg.

Russet Shoes

Owing to the lateness of the season, we still have a large stock of

Russet Shoes and Oxfords,

and, in order to make sure of closing all out before the season is over, we are offering several lots at greatly reduced prices. It will pay you to see them if you are thinking of buying a pair of **RUSSETS.**

W. C. McKINNEY.

Clarks' Building, Main Street.

August Clearing Sale.

UNMATCHABLE PRICES.

Every pair of russett shoes, every pair of men's, women's, boy's and children's slippers and oxford ties, at prices that certainly will prove to be great bargains to buyers. We close our eyes to cost and former price—determined to sell.

For instance, in ladies' fine shoes, genuine dongola—solid in every part, 98c. the pair; not one-half their actual value. Ladies' bright dongola opera slippers, solid, 50c. the pair; regular value 85c. Misses' bright dongola and pebble goat button boots, 75c. the pair, sizes eleven to two, common sense and operas. We guarantee these to be as good quality as any $1.50 shoe you can buy. Men's russett shoes, $1.25, $ .50, $2.00, $2.25, $2.50. All at sweeping reductions. Ladies' fine button boots, common sense and opera toes, pattened tips or plain toes reduced to $2.00 the pair. These are first-class goods and regularly sell at $3.00 and $3.50 the pair. All sizes and widths now in stock.

Ladies' fine shoes, hand welts and turns, common sense, square and opera tip and plain toes; all regular $4.00 and $4.50 goods, reduced to $3.00 the pair. These are elegant goods, up to date in every respect. No better goods can be found.

A lot of women's good everyday shoes, 50c. the pair. Lace, regular price, $1.20. One lot children's fancy colored shoes, 50c. the pair; regular price, $1.25, and other goods at the same sweeping reductions.

Avail yourself of the rare opportunity and save some money on shoes. To continue through August.

JONES & WALTER,

SHOE HUSTLERS,

Main Street, - - - BLOOMSBURG.

BLOSSOMS AND GOSSIP.

A Much-Needed Lesson Taught a Meddlesome Woman.

"Joel Simpkins, you don't mean to tell me that some one has moved in the house by the river, do you?"

"No, I did not say anybody had moved in. I only said there had been two women folks looking at it."

"For the land's sake, what is this world coming to? Two women looking at the river house! Well, I never!"

When Mrs. Miranda Simpkins said: "Well, I never!" in that particular tone, you were to understand there was nothing more to be said. But this time there seemed to be, for she continued:

"Well, all I have got to say is that they must be strangers, for of course they won't take it."

"But they did take it," Joel insisted "and they are going to send their servant to clean it for them right away."

"Now, Joel Simpkins, tell me all you know about the matter, and how you found it out."

"Why, Bill Jones told me. You know he has all the money he can make by renting the old house, but between you and me I didn't never believe he would let it. But he has, sure enough."

"For the land's sake—them poor critters going in there! I tell you what 'tis, Joel, it's dreadful, and I feel it my duty to warn them. Where did you say they lived?"

"Goodness me, Mirandy, how should I know where they live?"

"Why didn't you ask Bill Jones? There ought to be something done about it."

"Well, I don't see what it is to us, or what we can do."

"I'll tell you one thing you might do, Joel Simpkins. You might ask Fred Parsons why he don't come 'round here no more. He came half a dozen times to see Sally, and then stopped comin'. If you was the right kind of father, you'd try to make a match 'tween him and our daughter Sally. He's rich—dreadful rich—and our gal don't want to have to drudge the way I have."

"Sally's a heap prettier'n ever you was, but she's jest as bad when her tongue gets to wagging at gossip—and Parsons is a man with enough sense to understand that he ought to keep away," said Joel—but he said it under his breath.

May blossoms and the new tenants had come together, and, though the river house might be haunted, one of the most beautiful orchards anywhere near New York was a part of the estate.

Mrs. Simpkins, directly she learned that a servant was cleaning the river house, started on her errand. As she entered the gate she looked all around, as if expecting to see the ghost then and there. After trying the knocker at the front door with no result she went around to the kitchen. Here she was met by a buxom Irish maid-of-all-work, who was singing at the top of her voice, and worked away with a will, seemingly not caring a fig for his ghostship. On seeing the stranger Biddy stopped, and, resting on her broom, said:

"Morning, mum!"

Mrs. Simpkins paid no attention to her greeting, but blurted out:

"My poor girl, do you know where you be?"

"Shure, and that is what I do, mum," answered Biddy, with a cheery laugh.

"Do you know this house is haunted—that every night at midnight old John Smith's ghost goes roaming through it, slamming doors and groaning jest dreadful?"

"Yes, mum," said Biddy.

"And does your mistress know it?"

"Yes, mum—a b'y told her the other day whin she came down here."

"And is she coming in the face of all this?"

"No, mum; she and Miss Nora are coming on the cars, mum."

"Be you an idiot?"

"Yes, mum—or, that is, I don't know, but Miss Nora can tell ye anything the loike of ye 'ud be wanting to know whin she comes. She just dotes on ghosts and such things."

"Well, I never!" exclaimed Mrs. Simpkins, as she turned and left the house, while Biddy resumed her song: "Me Darlint, Sweet Nora O'Neil."

"It's my opinion, Joel Simpkins, that they're a queer lot down there in that river house," said Mrs. Simpkins, on reaching home.

"What makes you think so, Mirandy?"

"Well, I went down there to tell them about the ghost, and would you believe it? That servant of theirs said she just doted on ghosts!"

"What's their name?"

"O'Neil, I guess."

"Didn't you ask?"

"No. I was so upset I forgot it. But the Irish girl called one of them Miss Nora, and when I come away I heard her singing about her darling, Miss Nora O'Neil, so I reckon that's her name. I jest think that Irish girl is a dumbed idiot."

A few days later Joel Simpkins told his wife that the folks had arrived at the river house.

Accordingly, Mrs. Simpkins called a second time at the haunted house. This time she was met by a middle-aged lady of fine appearance, who greeted her pleasantly, but rather formally.

"How do you do, Mrs. O'Neil?" Mrs. Simpkins said. "I am Mrs. Joel Simpkins, and I am not ashamed of my name, either."

"I am glad to hear of it, Mrs. Simpkins. Will you walk in? You are somewhat mistaken in regard to my name. It is not O'Neil, but Allen."

"For the land's sakes—I thought it was O'Neil. I am sure I heard that girl of your'n singing about her 'darlint Miss Nora O'Neil.'"

Mrs. Allen smiled, and said that although her daughter's name was Nora, Biddy's song had nothing to do with it.

Incidentally, to invest herself with some importance, Mrs. Simpkins stated that Fred Parsons, the richest young man in the town, was paying attention to her daughter Sally. This remark provoked an inscrutable smile on Mrs. Allen's face.

Mrs. Simpkins made a long call, but was not invited to repeat her visit. She told her husband she could not find out anything, and was very sure there was some mystery connected with that Allen woman, for there were ever so many envelopes on the table, and she could see the name "Smith" plain as nothing, and she was sure Mrs. Allen had been reading them very letters. Now, what business had Mrs. Allen with Mrs. Smith's letters, she would like to know?

By this time Mrs. Simpkins and her friends were a good deal excited over the mystery concerning the people at the river house. Mrs. Allen and her daughter seemed oblivious of all the dark hints that were thrown out about them.

Suspicion grew fast. Many things were said of the occupants of the river house. Si Jenkins, who lived near, told his wife that lights burned there all night. Ezra Burke saw a woman in white come to an upper window and look out with wild eyes. He knew it was a woman because of her long hair, else he'd "a-thought it were old Smith's ghost." Conjecture ran high. At last it was decided that a delegation of women headed by Mrs. Simpkins should wait upon Mrs. Allen and demand an explanation of the mystery.

"For such is our Christian duty," said Mrs. Burke, who stood high in the church. "It is my opinion that their name is not Allen at all, but Smith, and I'd not be one bit surprised if they turned out to be some kin of that old John Smith whose ghost haunts that very house, and whose grandfather, they do say, was hung."

So the next afternoon the delegation started on its errand.

"I'm just aching to tell them what I think of such doings," Mrs. Simpkins said, as she raised the heavy brass knocker and applied it with so much energy that the door was opened almost immediately by pretty Miss Nora.

"How are you, ladies? Walk right in," she said, evidently rather surprised. "Mamma will be here in a very few minutes. She has gone for the mail."

Mrs. Simpkins nodded to the others, as much as to say: "Just in time." And they followed Nora into the parlor. She tried to entertain them until her mother returned, but felt quite relieved when she saw her coming and went to the door to meet her.

"Come right in, mamma. There are some ladies waiting for you."

Mrs. Allen was astonished to find so many callers in her parlor at one time, but showed no trace of surprise in her manner.

"Good afternoon, ladies; I am very glad to see you. It was such a lovely day that I went for the mail myself. I hope you have not been waiting long."

Her greeting was so cordial that Mrs. Jones afterwards said she was glad she was not head of the delegation. After one or two ineffectual efforts Mrs. Simpkins abruptly began:

"Mrs. Allen, or Mrs. Smith, or whatever your name is—the Lord only knows, we don't!—we have come here this afternoon to find out who you are. You give your name as Allen, and get letters for Mrs. Smith, and we ain't used to no such goings on, and we have come here to have you explain, if you can, for we don't want no mysteries in our neighborhood."

Surprise rendered Mrs. Allen speechless for a moment, then she coldly said:

"Ladies, I gave my name as Allen simply because that was my husband's name, and, consequently, is mine. Mrs. Smith is my widowed sister, who resides with me. For reasons not necessary to state, I receive and answer her letters. That is the meaning of the supposed mystery which has caused you so much distress. Like the ghost, it exists only in imagination."

She ceased speaking and glanced toward the door, evidently expecting her visitors to go; but Mrs. Simpkins was not easily routed.

"You say your sister lives with you; it's odd no one has ever seen her and that you never have no company. And can you tell us, ma'am, who the poor critter is that roams about this house at night, all in white?"

Mrs. Allen's face was very stern as she answered:

"I had hoped that it would not be necessary to go into the details of this painful matter; but in order to check malicious gossip I will explain that my sister is a confirmed invalid, and left the city because she was on the verge of nervous prostration. We came here that she might be perfectly quiet, and have avoided company on her account. She is not able to read or answer her letters, which all refer to business, as she owns considerable real estate in town. Now, ladies, as I have nothing more to say concerning my private affairs, I will bid you good afternoon."

Mrs. Allen's tone and manner forbade further words, and the discomfited women rose in a body and marched out of the house. Not until they reached the gate did Mrs. Simpkins recover her powers of speech; then she exclaimed:

"Well, I never!"

Had Mrs. Simpkins got a glance into the orchard, where May blossoms made a thick, sweet-scented carpet on the ground, she would have been even more amazed, and utterly enraged.

For Fred Parsons and Nora Allen were seated there. She was holding a sprig of the blossoms, which he had just broken off for her, and Fred was saying:

"I wonder if those old gossips have gone, Nora? What a clatter they would raise if they knew that I had just surrendered my heart to the fairest stranger that ever came to this queer old town!"

The gossips heard all about it later, when the wedding bells pealed. Mrs. Simpkins vented her spite in her characteristic way. To this day she can't understand why Fred Parsons ignored the chance to gain a wife and a mother-in-law proficient in the art of gossip.—N. Y. Journal.

HOUSEHOLD HINTS.

When ironing, sit instead of stand, and work in a cool room.

Pineapple should never be eaten by sick persons, but the juice to drink is very beneficial.

A drop of oil and a feather will do away with the creaking in a door or creaking chair.

Single beds are now not only fashionable, but hygienic. Double beds have little sale with wholesale dealers.

After a room has been newly papered, there should be ample oportunity given the paper to dry upon the walls before a fire is built in the apartment.

In arranging the kitchen closet, put powdered borax on the shelves to prevent roaches and other vermin from getting between the paper and shelves.

A cheap table may be beautified by having the shelves covered with china silk, white with yellow flowers. The legs are gilded or enameled with white enamel.

As far as possible sleeping rooms should be selected that are daily purified by the sun's rays. Fresh air is all right, but it needs to be supplemented by sunlight.

In putting down carpets, spread newspapers over the floor, then put clean straw evenly over the paper and put the carpet down. The carpet will last longer with this lining than any other. The dust will sift through on the papers.

Carpets are giving away to rugs, and women who have ever made carpets will hail the news that rag rugs are being made by women in cities for use in rooms where there is "hard wear." These rugs, when well made, are very handsome.

Sally Lunn.—One quart of flour sifted with three small teaspoonfuls of baking powder. Beat two eggs with two tablespoonfuls of sugar; add three tablespoonfuls of melted butter and one pint of milk; stir in the flour and a teaspoonful of salt. Bake.

The Ice in the Refrigerator.—"In the summer," said a housewife, "the ice in the refrigerator melts very rapidly. To make it last as long as possible we used to wrap about it an old blanket or a piece of carpet, but now-a-days we wrap it up in newspapers. It keeps better in newspapers, and we no longer have the trouble of washing and drying the other wraps; when the newspapers are wet we simply throw them away."

The Complexion.—Nothing is so destructive to a fair complexion as the habit of going to bed with an unwashed face. Get the dust and powder off; open the pores, and give the skin a chance to do its work. In the endeavor to do this, don't plaster it with soap. But, "no matter what you do," as poor Rosina Vokes used to sing, don't wear vaseline or glycerine or any kind of grease to bed. It doesn't do any good, and it spoils the linen.

Prune Pie.—Set a dish of well-washed, clean prunes covered with water in an oven fairly well heated, and let them swell. Then take them out and remove the pits, and take the pits and the water in which the prunes have soaked, and adding a little more, stew the pits for half an hour; this liquid must be saved to pour over the prunes when they are in the pie ready to bake. The juice and the prunes must be put in cold. Bake with a top and bottom crust.

Hot Milk Cure.

Those who are afflicted with skin eruptions, especially with the red blotches and hard little lumps, known as the eczemous acne, will find relief by persevering in the following simple and inexpensive cure:

Do not bathe the affected parts in water; this aggravates cutaneous affections. Each night, before retiring, heat about a pint of fresh sweet milk. Do not let it boil, but let it rise just to the boiling point. Boiled milk loses its healing virtue. Then, with an old linen handkerchief, sop the hot fluid generously on the affected parts. Do not wipe the milk off, but let it dry into the skin.

In the morning bathe the skin in a little hot milk, or in a dilution of listerine in hot water, in the proportion of two parts of water to one of listerine. Eat no constipation food. Avoid especially new fine bread, sugar, pastry and all starchy foods. Fruit, lettuce and radishes may be taken with good result. Be careful not to worry. Worriment is often the direct cause of eczema. Exercise actively in the open air, but do not heat the system.

If you will follow these few simple rules, and will persist in the application of the hot milk each night before retiring, the red spots will soon fade away, and the hard lumps will gradually soften and disappear.

A Dry Shampoo.

Many women who have luxurious tresses and who take cold easily are obliged to forego washing them as often as they would like because of the difficulty of getting them dry quickly. For such, a dry shampoo is the next best thing, and, if carefully and thoroughly done, it removes the accumulated dust and dandruff almost as well as washing. The hair should be shaken loosely over the shoulders and the head manipulated with the fingers till all foreign matter is well loosened and scattered through the hair, which should then be parted in different places all over the head, and the parts cleansed with a stiff little brush, after which the entire head and hair should be very thoroughly brushed in sections till the dandruff is brushed out as much as possible, when some good hair tonic or scalp cleanser may be rubbed on and the snarls engendered by the whole process gently combed out, and the ends of the hair clipped. This last should always be done once a month to promote the growth of the hair.

Possible Masters.

A Boston woman asks this question: "What would prevent, if we were to have universal suffrage in Massachusetts, our disfranchising the male population? Nothing in the world, if we were united. There are 49,000 more women than men in this State, and we should have it all our own way, and would soon be masters of the situation."

ELKHART CARRIAGE and HARNESS MFG. CO.

$11.00 — No. 37. Surrey Harness.

$37.50 — No. 7894. Top Buggy.

$43.00 — No. 3, Farm Wagon.

Have sold to consumers for 21 years, saving them the dealer's profit. We are the Oldest and Largest manufacturers in America selling Vehicles and Harness this way—ship with privilege to examine before any money is paid. We pay freight both ways if not satisfactory. Warrant for 2 years. Why pay an agent $70 to $50 to order for you? Write your own order. Boxing free. We take all risk of damage in shipping.

WHOLESALE PRICES.

Spring Wagons, $31 to $50. Guaranteed same as sell for $60 to $85. Surreys, $65 to $100 same as sell for $100 to $130. Top Buggies, $37.50, as fine as sold for $65. Phaetons, $66 to $100. Farm Wagons, Wagonettes, Milk Wagons, Delivery Wagons and Road Carts. BICYCLES FOR MEN, WOMEN & CHILDREN.

$75 — No. 731. Surrey.

$26 — No. 727. Road Wagon.

$23.50 — No. 1, Farm Harness.

Our Harness are sold at Manufacturer's Prices.

Single, $6 to $20

Double Buggy, $18—$35

Farm, $16 to $28.50.

$55 — Elkhart Bicycle. 28in. wheels, pneumatic tires, weldless steel tubing, drop forgings.

RIDING SADDLES and FLY NETS.

5 per cent. off for cash with order. Send 4c. in stamps to pay postage on 112-page catalogue.

Address W. B. PRATT, Sec'y, ELKHART, IND.

'A handful of dirt may be a houseful of shame." Keep your house clean with

SAPOLIO

Elys Cream Balm For CATARRH

THE POSITIVE CURE.

ELY BROTHERS, 56 Warren St., New York. Price 50 cts.

Tied Fast

to old-fogy ideas? We can help you get out of your farm all it's worth. Baugh's manures are all manure; they raise large crops.

BAUGH & SONS COMPANY,

Original Manufacturers of Raw Bone Manures.

WORKS: FOOT OF MORRIS TO MOORE STS.

OFFICE: 20 South Delaware Avenue, Philadelphia.

I AM NOW A **MAN!**

Chicago, Oct. 5, 1893.

"I was troubled with emissions and varicocele, and had been sexually weak for seven years. During the last four years I tried every remedy that was sold and got no relief for any of my troubles until I took CALTHOS—it cured and restored me and I am now a man."

[Extract from one of thousands of letters received by us.]

AS HE WAS. AS HE IS.

We will send you the marvelous French preparation CALTHOS free, by sealed mail, and a legal guarantee that CALTHOS will

STOP All Discharges and Emissions,
CURE Spermatorrhœa, Varicocele, and
RESTORE Lost Vigor.

Use it & pay if satisfied.

Address VON MOHL CO., Sole American Agents, Cincinnati, O.

B. F. SHARPLESS, Pres. N. U. FUNK, Sec. C. H. CAMPBELL, TREAS.

BLOOMSBURG

LAND IMPROVEMENT COMPANY

Capital Stock, $30,000.

Plotted property is in the coming business centre of the town. It includes also part of the factory district, and has no equal in desirability for residence purposes.

CHOICE LOTS are offered at values that will be doubled in a short time.

No such opportunity can be had elsewhere to make money.

Lots secured on SMALL MONTHLY PAYMENTS.

Maps of the town and of plotted property furnished on application.

Call upon or write to the Secretary, or J. S. Woods, Sales Agent, or any member of the Board of Directors.

BOARD OF DIRECTORS.

B. F. SHARPLESS; J. L DILLON.
C. W. NEAL, A. G. BRIGGS, DR. I. W. WILLITS,
DR. H. W. MCREYNOLDS, N. U. FUNK.

11-19-tf

SPECIAL SALE

of gold and steel glasses at

J. G. WELLS',

during month of July and August.

Eyes examined free of charge at

J. G. WELLS',

JEWELER AND OPTICIAN.

Repairing watches, clocks and jewelery, a specialty.

Look Here!

Do you want a PIANO?

Do you want an ORGAN?

Do you want a Sewing Machine?

Do you want any kind of a MUSICAL INSTRUMENT?

Do you want SHEET MUSIC?

If so, do not send your money away from home, but deal with a reliable dealer right here, who will make things right, if there is anything wrong.

For anything in this line the place to go is to

J. Saltzer's.

Ware-rooms, Main Street, below Market.

E. A. RAWLINGS.

—DEALER IN—

All Kinds of Meat,

Beef, Veal, Lamb, Mutton, Pork, Hams, Bacon, Tongues, Bologna, &c. Free Delivery to all parts of the town.

CENTRE STREET,

C. H. REICE'S OLD STAND.

BLOOMSBURG, PA.

Bring The Babies.

Instantaneous Process Used.

Strictly first-class guaranteed photographs, crayons and copies at reasonable prices. We use exclusively the Collodion Aristotype papers, thus securing greater beauty of finish and permanency of results. CAPWELL,

MARKET SQUARE GALLERY.

5-11-1yr. Over Hartman's store.

THE MARKETS.

BLOOMSBURG MARKETS.

CORRECTED WEEKLY. RETAIL PRICES.

Butter per lb	$	.24
Eggs per dozen		.16
Lard per lb		.12½
Ham per pound		.15
Pork, whole, per pound	.07 to	.08
Beef, quarter, per pound	.06 to	.08
Wheat per bushel		.70
Oats " "		.55
Rye " "		.65
Wheat flour per bbl		3.00
Hay per ton	16.00 to	18.00
Potatoes per bushel		.80
Turnips " "		.25
Onions " "		1.00
Sweet potatoes per peck	.25 to	.40
Tallow per lb		.04
Shoulder " "		.11
Side meat " "		.10
Vinegar, per qt		.07
Dried apples per lb		.05
Dried cherries, pitted		.12½
Raspberries		.12½
Cow Hides per lb		.02
Steer " " "		.03
Calf Skin	.40 to	.50
Sheep pelts		.60
Shelled corn per bus		.60
Corn meal, cwt		2.00
Bran, "		1.00
Chop "		1.20
Middlings "		1.10
Chickens per lb new		.12
" " " old		.08
Turkeys " "		.12
Geese " "		.10
Ducks " "		.10

COAL.

No. 6, delivered	2.40
" 4 and 5 "	3.50
" 6 at yard	2.25
" 4 and 5 at yard	3.25

PARKER'S HAIR BALSAM
Cleanses and beautifies the hair. Promotes a luxuriant growth. Never Fails to Restore Gray Hair to its Youthful Color. Cures scalp diseases & hair falling. 50c. and $1.00 at Druggists.

ARE YOU CONSUMPTIVE
Use Parker's Ginger Tonic. It cures the worst Coughs, Weak Lungs, Debility, Indigestion, Pain. Take in time. Sold by druggists.

HINDERCORNS. The only sure cure for Corns. Stops all pain. 15c. at Druggists, or HISCOX & CO., N. Y.

9741.

IN CONGRESS.

Chairman Wilson in Perfect Harmony with the President.--His own Re-election Assured.--The Catchings Letter very catching.--Secretary Carlisle Attentive to Business.--Officials Taking Recreation.

From our Regular Correspondent.

Washington, August 31, 1894.

Chairman Wilson, before leaving Washington, took occasion to express his opinion freely concerning the effect of President Cleveland's letter to Representative Catchings upon the Congressional campaign. Mr. Wilson endorses every word said in that letter; also the action of the President in allowing the tariff bill to become a law without his signature, and believes that the letter will be of much service in preventing luke warmness of tariff reformers towards Democratic candidates. Mr. Wilson also disposed most effectually of the Republican argument that the promise of additional tariff reform in the future, which the President made in his letter, meant another general tariff bill and its consequent upsetting of business. Concerning this far-fetched argument he said: "The work of tariff reform will be continued by easy graduations and by special reductions from time to time until we have accomplished our purpose. There will be no other general tariff bill. The tariff rates will remain stable on the great majority of articles, and it will be upon comparatively few that the perfecting of details will be necessary in order that the tariff reform law placed on the statue books shall be a consistent whole. This work will be performed, however, in such a manner as neither to disturb the business conditions of the country nor to affect either the employer or the employed." Mr. Wilson is confident of his re-election, no matter who the Republicans may run against him.

Representative Warner, of New York, who strongly believes that sugar should have been made free so as to down the sugar trust, said of the President's letter: "The President proposes to go at the thing right this time. He leads out in an attack against the trusts which occupy the most strongly entrenched position in the center of the protection line. When once we carry the center of the line and rout the trusts, the rest of the fight will be easy enough, and we will get free raw material and everthing else we want without any difficulty."

As a rule, all Democrats who really believe in tariff reform, and there are few, very few, who do not, strongly commend President Cleveland's letter to Mr. Catchings, and predict that it will do more to keep the Democrats in control of the House than any one document that will be a factor in the campaign.

President Cleveland does not intend to return to Washington until October, unless something of great public importance now unforseen shall make it necessary for him to do so. In the meantime no public business will be neglected, as he has arranged to have all matters requiring his official attention forwarded to Gray Gables, where, with the assistance of Private Secretary Thurber, an executive office will be maintained.

Secretary Carlisle will not be able to take an extended vacation this year, as there will be many questions arising out of the administration of the new tariff law that will require his personal attention and which delay in answering would seriously inconvenience many business men. The condition of the Treasury is much better than it has been at the end of any month recently, and the probabilities are all in favor of a continued improvement, owing to the increase in receipts under the new tariff.

All of the other members of the cabinet will take vacations. Secretary Herbert went away last week, combining business with recreation by making a tour of the Atlantic coast navy-yards; Secretary Lamont left with President Cleveland, and will remain in New York for several weeks; Secretary Gresham expects to get away in a few days for a month's stay, a portion of which will be spent in Indiana and a portion fishing; Attorney General Olney has gone to Boston and the three or four weeks he expects to be away will be spent in and near that city; Secretary Smith, who has already been to the seashore for a few days, will spend two weeks in Georgia; Postmaster General Bissell has gone to Buffalo where he will meet Mrs. Bissell and decide where his vacation shall be spent, and Secretary Morton will delay his departure until the middle of September, when he will go to Europe.

Washington hasn't had a chance to miss Congress yet. This week the Uniformed Rank Knights of Pythias, about 10,000 strong, are holding their annual encampment here, and the Southern Development Convention, an organization engaged in booming the Southland, is also in session here. When things get quiet absence of Congress will begin to be regretted.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

THE PRESIDENT'S LETTER.

The President having failed to either veto or sign the tariff bill within the allotted ten days, it became a law without his signature on Tuesday, the 28th of August.

The following is an expression of his sentiments, as revealed through a letter written to Representative Catchings, of Mississippi:

EXECUTIVE MANSION, WASHINGTON, Aug. 27, 1894.

HON. T. C. CATCHINGS:

MY DEAR SIR:—Since the conversation I had with you and Mr. Clark, of Alabama, a few days ago, in regard to my action upon the tariff bill now before me, I have given the subject further and most serious consideration. The result is I am more settled than ever in the determination to allow the bill to become a law without my signature.

"When the reformation of legislation, which it was hoped would embody Democratic ideas of tariff reform, was lately entered upon by congress, nothing was further from my anticipation than a result which I could not promptly and enthusiastically endorse.

"It is, therefore, with a feeling of the utmost disappointment that I submit to a denial of this privilege.

"I do not claim to be better than any of my party, nor do I wish to avoid any responsibility which, on account of the passage of this law, I ought to bear as a member of the Democratic organization. Neither will I permit myself to be separated from my party to such an extent as might be implied by my veto of tariff legislation which, though disappointing, is still chargeable to Democratic efforts. But there are provisions in this bill which are not in line with honest tariff reform, and it contains inconsistencies and crudities which ought not to appear in tariff laws or laws of any kind. Besides, there were, as you and I well know, incidents accompanying the passage of the bill through the Congress which made every sincere tariff reformer unhappy, while influences surrounded it in its latter stages and interfered with its final construction which ought not to be recognized or tolerated in Democratic tariff reform councils.

"And yet, notwithstanding all its vicissitudes and all the bad treatment it received at the hands of pretended friends, it presents a vast improvement to existing conditions. It will certainly lighten many tariff burdens that now rest heavily upon the people. It is not only a barrier against the return of mad protection, but it furnishes advantage ground from which must be waged further aggressive operations against protected monopoly and Governmental favoritism.

"I take my place with the rank and file of the Democratic party who believe in tariff reform and who know what it is, who refuse to accept the results embodied in this bill as the close of the war, who are not blinded to the fact that the livery of Democratic tariff reform has been stolen and worn in the service of Republican protection and who have marked the places where the deadly blight of treason has blasted the councils of the brave in their hour of night.

"The trusts and combinations—the communism of self—whose machinations have prevented us from reaching the success we deserved should not be forgotten or forgiven. We shall recover from our astonishment at their exhibition of power and if then the question is forced upon us, whether they shall submit to the free legislative will of the people's Representatives, or shall dictate the laws which the people must obey we will accept and settle that issue as one involving the integrity and safety of American institutions.

"I love the principles of true Democracy because they are founded in patriotism and in justice and fairness toward all interests. I am proud of my party organization because it is conservatively sturdy and persistent in the enforcement of its principles. Therefore, I do not despair of the effort made by the house of Representatives to supplement the bill already passed by further legislation, but to have engrafted upon it such modifications as will meet Democratic principles and aspirations.

"I cannot be mistaken as to the necessity of free raw materials as the foundation of logical and sensible tariff reform. The extent to which this is recognized in the legislation already secured is one of its encouraging and redeeming features. But it is vexatious to recall that while free coal and iron ore have been denied us, a recent letter of the Secretary of the treasury discloses the fact that both might have been made free by the annual surrender of only about seven hundred dollars of unnecessary revenue.

"I am sure that there is a common habit of under-estimating the importance of free raw materials in tariff legislation, and regarding them as only related to concessions to be made to our manufacturers. The truth is, their influence is so far-reaching that if disregarded a complete and beneficent scheme of tariff reform cannot be successfully inaugurated.

"When we give to our manufacturers free raw materials, we unshackle American enterprise and ingenuity and these will open the doors of foreign markets to the reception of our wares and give opportunity for the continuous and remunerative employment of American labor.

"With the materials cheapened by their freedom from tariff charges the cost of their product must be correspondingly cheapened. Thereupon justice and fairness to the consumer would demand that the manufacturers be obliged to submit to such a re adjustment and modification of the tariff upon their finished goods as would secure to the people the benefit of the reduced cost of their manufacture, and shield the consumer against the exaction of inordinate profits.

"It will thus be seen that free, raw materials and a just and fearless regulation and reduction of the tariff to meet the changed conditions would carry to every humble home in the land the blessings of increased comfort and cheaper living.

"The millions of our countrymen who have fought bravely and well for tariff reform, should be exhorted to continue the struggle, boldly challenging to open warfare and constantly guarding against the treachery and half-heartedness in their camp.

"Tariff reform will not be settled until it is honestly and fairly settled in the interest and to the benefit of a patient and long suffering people.

"Yours very truly,
"GROVER CLEVELAND."

HOW'S THIS!

We offer One Hundred Dollars reward for any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure.

F. J. CHENEY & Co., Toledo, O.

We, the undersigned have known F. J. Cheney for the last 15 years, and believe him perfectly honorable in all business transactions and financially able to carry out any obligations made by their firm.

WEST & TRUAX, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, O. WALDING, KINNAN & MARVIN, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, O.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and musous surfaces of the system. Testimonials sent free. Price 75c. per bottle. Sold by all Druggists.

An Ideal Woman's Magazine.

The literary passions of a literary man are always interesting and they are peculiarly so when an author of such renown as William Dean Howells tells of them. The tenth installment of Mr. Howells' literary biography under the title of "My Literary Passions," appears in the September *Ladies' Home Journal*. Next in interest to Mr. Howells' contribution comes a page devoted to "The Daughter in the Home," by Mrs. Burton Kingsland, Mrs. Hamilton Mott, and the editor of the *Journal*. A particularly helpful article in response to the question, "What are Building Societies?" is contributed by Mr. Addison B. Burk, so widely known as an authority upon the subject. Mrs. Van Koert Schuyler writes most earnestly on the subject of women "Living Beyond Their Strength." The fourth paper of Mrs. Burton Kingsland's series, "A Daughter at Sixteen," is given. A clever short story by "Octave Thanet," Miss Maria's Fiftieth," is charmingly illustrated by Alice Barber Stephens, and Mr. Frank R. Stockton brings to a conclusion "Pomona's" most recent travels. Harriet Ogden Morison gives a page of exquisite designs for "Artistic Piano Covers," and J. Harry Adams contributes some handsome designs for "The Mantel and the Fireplace." Mrs. Mallon's pages, with original designs for "The Bonnets of the Autumn" and "This Autumn's Velvet Coats," will delight all women, and mothers everywhere will be pleased with Miss Hooper's valuable suggestions on "A Schoolgirl's Outfit." Other articles in this issue are Miss Scovil's "Physical Culture of Children," and Helen Jay's "The Farmer's Wife and Her Boys." Altogether this September issue, with its artistic cover by W. T. Smedley, is an ideal magazine which every woman will do well to have. Published by The Curtis Publishing Company, of Philadelphia, for ten cents per number and one dollar per year.

Purely vegetable—Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets. They're a compound of refined and concentrated botanical extracts. These tiny, sugar-coated pellets—the smallest and the easiest to take—absolutely and permanently cure Constipation, Indigestion, Sick and Bilious Headaches, Dizziness, Bilious Attacks, and all derangements of the liver, stomach and bowels.

They cure *permanently*, because they act *naturally*. They don't shock and weaken the system, like the huge, old-fashioned pills. And they're more effective. One little pellet for a corrective or laxative—three for a cathartic.

They're the *cheapest* pills you can buy, for they're *guaranteed* to give satisfaction, or your money is returned. You pay only for the *good* you get.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

Proposed Breadstuff Tariff.

The proposed tariff law, as it passed the Senate, provides for duties on breadstuffs as follows:

Buckwheat, corn or maize, cornmeal, oats, rye, rye flour, 20 per cent. ad valorem; oatmeal, 15 per cent. Under the old law buckwheat was taxed 15 cents per bushel of forty eight pounds; corn or maize, 15 cents per bushel of fifty-six pounds; cornmeal, 20 cents per bushel of forty-eight pounds; oats 15 cents per bushel; oatmeal 1 cent per pound; rye, 10 cents per bushel; rye flour, 1-2 cent per pound; wheat, 25 cents per bushel; wheat flour, 25 per cent. ad valorem.

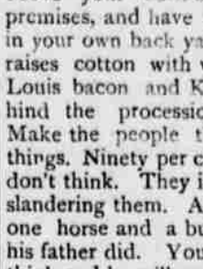
Barley and pearled, patent or hulled barley, under the new law, are taxed 30 per cent. ad valorem; barley malt, 40 per cent. Under the old law barley was taxed 30 cents per bushel of forty-eight pounds; barley malt, 45 cents per bushel of thirty-four pounds, pearled, patent or hulled barley, 2 cents per pound.

Macaroni, vermicelli, and all similar preparations, 20 per cent. ad valorem under the new law, as against 2 cents per pound under the old.—*Financial Times.*

Chunks of Wisdom from Governor Hogg.

"Friends, all you need is to do right. Move your corn crib on your own premises, and have your smoke-house in your own back yard. The man who raises cotton with which to buy St. Louis bacon and Kansas corn is behind the procession if not a fool. Make the people think about these things. Ninety per cent of the people don't think. They imitate. I am not slandering them. A fellow plows with one horse and a bull tongue because his father did. You make that man think and he will use a gang-plow and two or four horses in place of his bull-tongue and his one horse. So a man rents because his father rented, and lives in a renter's cabin because his father died in one. This thing should be changed, and the people will change it, whenever you make them think about it."

From this it would seem that the Governor of the Lone Star State has discovered the power of thought; but there are folks alive in his vicinity who claim he is not well posted upon the value of discrete expression at all times. Still it is difficult to excel in all things.



Mrs. Mary A. Tupper has been released, at Wilton, Me., from the custody of extreme *Female Weakness*, which kept her a prisoner in bed unable to walk. *Lydia E. Pinkham's* Vegetable Compound made the change. She advises all sick women to take this valuable medicine, and be thankful for their lives, as she is for hers. It costs only a dollar at any druggists, and the result is worth millions.

Fine PHOTOGRAPHS and CRAYONS at McKillip Bros., Bloomsburg. The best are the cheapest.

NOW !!!

IS THE TIME TO BUY

Wall Paper

- CHEAP! -

—AT—

W. H. SLATE'S BOOK & STATIONERY STORE.

Exchange Hotel Building,

Bloomsburg, - - - Pa.

Don't Cost anything to look.

PAINTING & PAPER HANGING

WORKMANSHIP GUARANTEED,

—Estimates given on Application.—

SHAW & DONAHUE,

Fourth Street. - Bloomsburg, Pa

RAILROAD TIME TABLE

DELAWARE LACKAWANNA & WESTERN RAILROAD.

BLOOMSBURG DIVISION.

STATIONS.	NORTH. A.M.	P.M.	A.M.	P.M.
Northumberland	6 20	1 50		
Cameron	6 35	....	.....	5
Chulasky	6 40	....	.....	5 58
Danville	6 48	2 12	10 26	6 05
Catawissa	7 05	2 26	10 39	6 23
Rupert	7 12	2 31	10 44	29
Bloomsburg	7 20	2 36	10 49	6 42
Espy	7 27	2 43	....	6 46
Lime Ridge	7 34	2 50	.....	6 50
Willow Grove	7 38	2 54	.....	6 56
Briarcreek	7 41	.....	.....	6 59
Berwick	7 48	3 04	11 12	7 09
Beach Haven	7 54	3 10	11 18	7 22
Hick's Ferry	8 00	3 17	....	7 32
Shickshinny	8 10	3 29	11 39	7 39
Hunlock's	8 21	3 39	.....	7 48
Nanticoke	8 26	3 46	11 49	7 48
Avondale	8 30	3 51	.....	7 52
Plymouth	8 35	3 56	11 56	7 57
Plymouth Junction	8 40	4 00	.....	7 02
Kingston	8 45	4 05	12 03	7 07
Bennett	8 49	4 08	12 06	8 12
Maltby	8 52	4 12	.....	8 17
Wyoming	8 56	4 17	12 18	8 25
West Pittston	9 01	4 22	.....	8 29
Pittston	9 08	4 30	12 32	8 32
Duryea	9 12	4 34	.....	8 42
Lackawanna	9 16	4 37	.....	8 47
Taylorville	9 25	4 45	12 35	8 52
Bellevue	9 31	4 50	.....	8 ...
SCRANTON	9 35	4 55	12 48	8 ...

STATIONS.	SOUTH. A.M.	A.M.	P.M.	P.M.
SCRANTON	6 00	9 50	1 35	6 07
Bellevue	6 05	9 55	....	....
Taylorville	6 10	10 00	1 45	6 17
Lackawanna	6 18	10 07	1 52	6 24
Duryea	6 22	10 10	1 55	6 28
Pittston	6 28	10 14	2 00	6 34
West Pittston	6 35	10 20	2 06	6 38
Wyoming	6 40	10 25	2 11	6 45
Maltby	6 44	10 28	....	....
Bennett	6 48	10 32	2 19	6 50
Kingston	6 54	10 37	2 25	6 55
Plymouth Junction	6 59	10 39	2 29	....
Plymouth	7 04	10 44	2 34	7 03
Avondale	7 09	10 48	2 33	7 07
Nanticoke	7 14	10 52	2 42	7 12
Hunlock's	7 20	10 59	2 50	7 20
Shickshinny	7 31	11 09	3 01	7 30
Hick's Ferry	7 44	11 23	3 17	7 41
Beach Haven	7 54	11 33	3 25	7 47
Berwick	8 02	11 40	3 33	7 53
Briar Creek	8 09	....	3 40	....
Willow Grove	8 13	11 50	3 44	8 02
Lime Ridge	8 17	11 56	3 50	8 06
Espy	8 24	12 01	3 58	8 12
Bloomsburg	8 31	12 12	4 05	8 18
Rupert	8 37	12 18	4 12	8 23
Catawissa	8 42	12 23	4 18	8 28
Danville	8 57	12 37	4 38	8 43
Chulasky	9 02	.....	4 46	....
Cameron	9 07	12 46	4 51	8 53
NORTHUMBERLAND	9 22	1 00	5 05	9 07
	A.M.	P.M.	P.M.	PM

Connections at Rupert with Philadelphia & Reading Railroad for Tamanend, Tamaqua, Williamsport, Sunbury, Pottsville, etc. At Northumberland with P. & E. Div. P. R. R. for Harrisburg, Lock Haven, Emporium, Warren, Corry and Erie.

W. F. HALLSTEAD, Gen. Man., Scranton, Pa.

Pennsylvania Railroad.

P. & E. R. R. DIV. AND N. C. RY

In effect June 3, 1894. Trains leave Sunbury

EASTWARD.

9:48 a. m. Train 14 (Daily except Sunday) for Harrisburg and intermediate stations arriving at Philadelphia 3:00 p. m.; New York 5:55 p. m.; Baltimore, 3:10 p. m.; Washington 4:30 p. m., connecting at Philadelphia for all Sea Shore points. Passenger coaches to Philadelphia Baltimore. Parlor car to Philadelphia.

1:55 p. m. Train 8, (Daily except Sunday,) for Harrisburg and intermediate stations arriving at Philadelphia at 6:50 p. m.; New York, 9:38 p. m.; Baltimore 6:45 p. m.; Washington 7:50 p. m. Parlor cars to Philadelphia and passenger coaches to Philadelphia and Baltimore.

5:25 p. m. Train 12 (Daily except Sunday) for Harrisburg and intermediate points, arriving at Philadelphia 11:15 p. m. New York 3:53 a. m., Baltimore 10:40 p. m., Passenger coach to Philadelphia.

8:17 p. m.—Train 6, (Daily,) for Harrisburg and all intermediate stations, arriving at Philadelphia 4:30 a. m.; New York 7:33 a. m. Pullman sleeping car from Harrisburg to Philadelphia and New York. Philadelphia passengers can remain in sleeper undisturbed until 7 a. m.

1:50 a. m.-Train 4 (daily) for Harrisburg and intermediate stations, arriving at Philadelphia 6:50 a m., New York 9:33 a. m., weekdays; 10:35 a. m., Sunday. Baltimore 6:20 a. m. Washington 7:40 a. m., Pullman Sleeping cars to Philadelphia and passenger coaches to Philadelphia and Baltimore.

4:36 a. m.—Train 16 (Daily,) for Harrisburg and intermediate stations arriving at Baltimore 8:55 a. m. and Washington 10:16 a. m and Pullman sleeping cars to Baltimore, Washington, and Passenger coaches to Baltimore.

WESTWARD.

1:35 a. m.—Train 9 (Daily except Sunday) for Canandaigua, Rochester, Buffalo and Niagara Falls, with Pullman sleeping cars and passenger coaches to Rochester.

5:12 a. m.—Train 3 (Daily,) for Erie, Canandaigua and intermediate stations, Rochester, Buffalo and Niagara Falls, with Pullman palace cars to Erie and Elmira and passenger coaches to Erie and Rochester.

9:56—Train 15 (Daily,) for Lock Haven and intermediate stations.

1:35 p. m.—Train 11 (Daily except Sunday) for Kane, Canandaigua and intermediate stations, Rochester, Buffalo, and Niagara Falls with through passenger coaches to Kane and Rochester and Parlor car to Rochester.

5:11 p. m.—Train 1, (Daily except Sunday) for Renovo, Elmira and intermediate stations.

9:25 p. m.-Train 13 daily for Williamsport and intermediate stations.

THROUGH TRAINS FOR SUNBURY FROM THE EAST AND SOUTH.

Train 15—Leaves New York, 12:15 night, Philadelphia 4:30 a. m., Baltimore 4:40 a. m., Harrisburg, 8:15 a. m., daily arriving at Sunbury 9:56 a. m.

Train 11—Leaves Philadelphia 8:50 a. m., Washington 7:50 a. m., Baltimore 8:45 a. m., (daily except Sunday) arriving at Sunbury, 1:35 with Parlor car from Philadelphia and passenger coaches from Philadelphia and Baltimore.

Train 1—Leaves New York 9:30 a. m., Philadelphia 12:25 p. m., Washington 10:30 a. m., Baltimore 11:25 A. M, (daily except Sunday) arriving at Sunbury 5:39 p. m. with passenger coaches from Philadelphia and Baltimore.

Train 13 leaves New York 2.10 p. m., weekdays 2:00 p. m, Sunday, Philadelphia 4:40 p. m. weekdays; 4.30 p. m. Sunday. Washington 3:15 p. m., Baltimore 4:12 p. m. daily, arriving at Sunbury 9:25 p. m. Through Coach and Parlor car from Philadelphia.

Train 9 leaves New York 6:00 p. m., Philadelphia 8:50 p. m., Washington 7:10 p. m., Baltimore 8:15 p. m., arriving at Sunbury, 1:35 a. m. weekdays, with Pullman sleeping cars and passenger coaches from Washington and Baltimore.

Train 3 leaves New York 8:00 p. m., Philadelphia 11:20 p. m., Washington 10.40 p. m., Baltimore 11:40 p. m., (Daily,) arriving at Sunbury 5:08 a. m., with Pullman sleeping cars from Philadelphia, Washington and Baltimore and passenger coaches from Philadelphia and Baltimore.

SUNBURY HAZLETON, & WILKESBARRE RAILROAD, AND NORTH AND WEST BRANCH RAILWAY.

(Daily except Sunday.)

Train 7 leaves Sunbury 10:00 a. m. Arriving at Bloom Ferry 10:48 a. m., Wilkes Barre 12.10 p. m. Hazleton 12:15 p. m., Pottsville 1.25 p. m.

Train 11 leaves Sunbury 3:47 p. m. arriving at Bloom Ferry 6:38 p. m., Wilkes-Barre 8:00 p. m. Hazleton 7:56 p. m. Pottsville 9:05 p. m.

Train 8 leaves Wilkes-Barre 7:25 a. m. Pottsville 6:00 a. m., Hazleton 7:10 a. m., arriving at Bloom Ferry 8:47 a. m., Sunbury 9:35 a. m.

Train 10 leaves Pottsville 1:50 p. m. Hazleton 3:04 p. m. Wilkes-Barre 3:12 p. m. arriving at Bloom Ferry 4:31 p. m., Sunbury 5:15 p. m.

SUNDAY TRAINS.

Train 7 leaves Sunbury 10:00 a. m., arriving at Bloom Ferry 10:48 a. m., Wilkes-Barre 12:10 p. m.

Train 26 leaves Wilkes-Barre 4:40 p. m., arriving at Bloom Ferry 6:08 p. m., Sunbury 7:00 p. m.

S. M. PREVOST, Gen'l. Manager. J. R. WOOD, Gen. Pass. Agt.

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IVORY SOAP

IVORY

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THE PROCTER & GAMBLE CO., CIN'TI.

READING RAILROAD SYSTEM

In effect May. 28, 1894.

TRAINS LEAVE BLOOMSBURG

For New York, Philadelphia, Reading Pottsville, Tamaqua, weekdays 11.35 a. m.

For Williamsport, weekdays, 7.35 a. m., 3.15 p. m.

For Danville and Milton, weekdays, 7.35 a. m., 3.15.

For Catawissa weekdays 7.35, 11.35 a. m., 12.15, 5.00, 6.33, p. m.

For Rupert weekdays 7.35, 11.35 a. m., 12.15, 3.15 5.00, 6.33, p. m.

TRAINS FOR BLOOMSBURG

Leave New York via Philadelphia 8.00 a. m., and via Easton 9.10 a. m.

Leave Philadelphia 10.00 a. m.

Leave Reading 11.50 a. m.

Leave Pottsville 12.30 p. m.

Leave Tamaqua 1.20 a. m.,

Leave Williamsport weekdays 10.10 a m, 4.30 p. m.

Leave Catawissa weekdays, 7.00, 8.20 a. m. 1.30, 3.18, 6.15.

Leave Rupert, weekdays, 7.08, 8.27, 11.45 a. m., 1.37, 3.27, 6.23.

For Baltimore, Washington and the West via B. & O. R. R., through trains leave Reading Terminal, Philadelphia, 3.35, 7.40, 11.26 a. m., 3.46, 5.18 7.22, p. m. Sundays 3.30, 7.40 11.26 a. m., 3.46, 7.22, p. m.

ATLANTIC CITY DIVISION.

Leave Philadelphia, Chestnut Street wharf and South Street wharf for Atlantic City

WEEK-DAYS—Express, 8.00, 9.00, 10.45 a. m. (Saturday only, 1.30), 2.00, 3.00, 4.00, 4.30, 5.00, 5.45 p. m. Accommodation, 8.00 a. m., 4.45, 6.35 p. m. One dollar Excursion Train, 7.00 a. m.

Returning, leave Atlantic City, depot, corner Atlantic and Arkansas Avenues.

WEEK-DAYS—Express, 6.20, (Monday only 6.45), 7.00, 7.45, 9.00, 10.15 a. m. and 3.30, 4.30, 5.30, 7.30, 9.30 p. m. Accommodation, 8.10 a. m. and 4.32 p. m. One dollar Excursion Train, from foot Mississippi Ave. only, 6.00 p. m.

SUNDAYS—Express, 3.30, 4.00, 5.00, 6.00, 6.30, 7.00, 7.30, 8.00, 9.30 p. m. Accommodation, 7.15 a. m. and 8.05 p. m. One dollar Excursion Train, from foot Mississippi Ave. only, 6.10 p. m.

Parlor Cars on all Express trains.

I. A. SWEIGARD, Gen'l Superintendent. C. G. HANCOCK, Gen'l Pass. Agt.

BLOOMSBURG & SULLIVAN R. R

Taking effect MONDAY, APR. 2, 1894.

SOUTH. Arrive.	STATIONS.	NORTH. Leave.
P M / A M		P M / A M
6 30 / 7 20	Bloomsburg D. L. & W. Dep	8 35 / 6 40
6 26 / 7 18	P & R. Depot.	8 39 / 6 44
6 24 / 7 13	Bloomsburg Main Street.	8 42 / 6 47
6 20 / 7 10	Irondale	8 45 / 6 50
6 12 / 7 03	Paper Mill	8 52 / 6 58
6 09 / 7 00	Lightstreet	8 55 / 7 02
5 59 / 6 50	Orangeville	9 04 / 7 10
5 43 / 6 39	Forks	9 14 / 7 20
5 44 / 6 35	Zaners	9 18 / 7 24
5 37 / 6 28	Stillwater	9 25 / 7 29
5 27 / 6 18	Benton	9 35 / 7 39
5 22 / 6 14	Edsons	9 40 / 7 44
5 20 / 6 12	Coles Creek	9 43 / 7 48
5 16 / 6 08	Sugarloaf	9 46 / 7 52
5 13 / 6 04	Laubachs	9 50 / 7 57
5 08 / 5 58	Central	10 00 / 8 07
5 00 / 5 50	Jamison City	10 05 / 8 10
P M / A M		A M / P M
Leave.		Arrive.

DR. PEFFER'S **FEMALE PILLS.**

NEW DISCOVERY. NEVER FAILS. A new, reliable and safe relief for suppressed, excessive, scanty or painful menstruation. Now used by over 30,000 ladies monthly. Invigorates these organs. Beware of imitations. Name paper. $2. per box, or trial box $1. Sent sealed in plain wrapper. Send 4c in stamps for particulars. Sold by Local Druggists. Address: PEFFER MEDICAL ASSOCIATION, Chicago, Ill.

Sold by W. S. RISHTON.

WHAT PEFFER'S NERVIGOR DID.

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Sold by W. S. RISHTON.

R.B.U. Address "Secretary."

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The Columbian.

ESTABLISHED 1866.

The Columbia Democrat,

ESTABLISHED 1837. CONSOLIDATED 1869.
PUBLISHED EVERY FRIDAY MORNING at Bloomsburg, the County seat of Columbia County, Pennsylvania.

GEO. E. ELWELL EDITOR.
I. J. JAMISON, ASSISTANT EDITOR.
GEO. C. ROAN, FOREMAN.

TERMS:—Inside the county, $1.00 a year in advance; $1.50 if not paid in advance Outside the county, $1.25 a year, strictly in advance.
All communications should be addressed to
THE COLUMBIAN,
Bloomsburg, Pa.

FRIDAY, SEPTEMBER 7, 1894.

THE DEMOCRATIC STATE TICKET.

FOR GOVERNOR,
WILLIAM M. SINGERLY,
of Philadelphia.

FOR LIEUTENANT-GOVERNOR,
JOHN S. RILLING,
of Erie.

FOR AUDITOR-GENERAL,
DAVID F. MAGEE,
of Lancaster.

FOR SECRETARY OF INTERNAL AFFAIRS,
W. W. GREENLAND,
of Clarion.

FOR CONGRESS-AT-LARGE,
JOSEPH C. BUCHER,
of Union.
HANNIBAL K. SLOAN,
of Indiana.

COUNTY TICKET.

FOR CONGRESS,
CHARLES R. BUCKALEW,
of Bloomsburg.

FOR STATE SENATOR,
J. HENRY COCHRAN,
of Williamsport.

FOR REPRESENTATIVES,
ANDREW L. FRITZ,
W. T. CREASY.

FOR SHERIFF,
J. BOYD McHENRY.

FOR JURY COMMISSIONER,
ALBERT HERBINE.

FOR CORONER,
ANDREW J. LENIHAN.

Political Prophecy.

President Cleveland not being available, because of having had two presidential terms of office, the plum lies between Chairman Wilson, the radical tariff reformer, and Secretary Carlisle, the conservative reformer, so far as the Democratic outlook is concerned.

As for Republican aspirants, there's lots of them; but ex-President Harrison and ex-Speaker Reed are to our mind the most likely men in the party.

The dignified tenor of Mr. Reed's recent deliverance shows him to be in training in his own mind, at least, and he is not without a host of enthusiastic admirers who would be pleased to find in him another plumed knight from Maine. Like Blaine and Greely, however, political fate may have decreed that he, too, shall die heart-broken, sighing out in his distress and burning grief over the lost Presidency, "thou art so near and yet so far."

Hard Times

Yes, they are hard, indeed, with the debtor class, but they are correspondingly easy with the creditor class. The distress and impoverishment of the former is generally taken advantage of for the enrichment of the latter. As the big fish feed upon all the little ones they can catch in the ocean, so the continental forces are too apt to operate. They operate through the aid of all the legislation they can secure and then swallow down the small fry *ad libitum*. The trick is to continue to corner the small fry successfully, in a government where the majority rules. The whale depends more upon striking a compact school of small fish than upon his agility to capture the single smelt or herring. Were the smelts and herring not to travel in schools and thus swim right into the open mouth and maw of the indolent and luxuriant whale, this terror of the ocean would soon get hungry for fish, and his slashing about would only make his game the more difficult to capture. So it is with the little fish on land. They must be on the alert and change their tactics and politics occasionally if they hope for smooth sailing and good government.

Several of the subscriptions for World's Fair stock were from $50,000 to $100,000, and several hundreds from $10,000, $25,000. The people of Chicago subscribed as they had never subscribed before, nearly all good and substantial citizens contributing according to their means, so that never in the history of the world was so large a subscription made so readily and so promptly.—The Book of the Fair by Hubert H. Bandcroft.

Just so. And were all that Chicago made out of the World's Fair investment revealed to the world, we think the world would with one accord conclude that the investment was rather better than fair.

Wages and Their Protection.

If not withstanding a $2,800,000 dividend the Pullman Company found it necessary to reduce the pay of their laborers while the McKinley tariff bill was in full operation, it is not to be expected, of course, that the passage of the Wilson bill will make matters better for the wage earner now in the employ of that particular corporation. It is not to be expected that the passage of the Wilson bill will lessen the constant jeopardy of the laborer who is employed by a protected establishment of any kind, whether it be the Pullman Company or any other of our highly protected industries. It is not labor but capital that cries for special protection. Labor cries to live sometimes when cornered. The case in point demonstrates that the relations between the dividends of the employer and the pay of the employed is as nothing whatever. And whether the tariff be high or low this is the case. To give high protection to capital in anticipation of great generosity and of higher wages to the laborer, the case in point shows to be folly. If a $2,800,000 dividend will not warrant wages sufficient to prevent a strike on the part of employees, it is just as well that all such protected industries be protected less. And it is just as well that employees vote against any party that upholds such immensely rich and grasping plants and monopolies. The ballot is the best leverage of the wage-earner and the proper leverage. The sin of quietly frustrating the plans of great trusts, combines, and monopolies is entirely pardonable, in fact it is no sin whatever, but on the other hand it is both patriotic and righteous to stand up and vote for equitable laws and regulations and against all inequity. The party that comes nearest to fulfilling all of its election promises of equitable legislation when reaching down among the lowly for votes, is the only safe party to vote for these days. We have learned that both parties will bear watching, but open treachery is so ill concealed that the humblest voter can detect and punish it by putting his vote where it is apt to do the most good, and where its influence will spread the greatest consternation among thieves and false pretenders. There is where we ought to put it, and without regard to party affiliations, every time we vote. Let us not therefore be surprised at reduced wages wherever a protected industry is in operation. The premeditated and prearranged plan is no doubt to reduce wages generally and to attribute it all to the passage of the Wilson bill. In corporations where a $2,800,000 dividend under a Republican tariff don't satisfy, a lower dividend would seem to be ruinous. And were this dividend to be multiplied by two the chances are ten to one that the laborers in that particular establishment would know nothing of it. Down and out upon all such protected trusts and combines, and down and out upon any political party that thrives by upholding them.

Luck, Fate and Destiny.

Perhaps the smoothest talker and closest watcher of the political drift or bent of controlling influences in the State of New York is the rich, the polished and the aesthetic Chauncey Depew.

The hour for political interviews being near at hand, we find Mr. Depew among the first to relieve his mind politically. He does so, no doubt, in order to gratify himself and the anxiety of a host of admiring friends who are somewhat in the habit of relying upon his prophecy after carefully scanning the political horizon, State and National. Depew looks sharp and they know it.

We find among the more important reflections and observations of Mr. Depew, who has known President Cleveland for years, that he likens him to the school teacher who has a lot of good and bad boys to deal with; but whether the boys be good or bad, or brighter or duller than the teacher, the teacher never permits even his brighter scholars to forget who is master, or who is running the school. We scarcely know, however, whether this peculiarity can be regarded as a fault or a talent on the part of an honest President who has indeed a very bad lot of spoiled scholars to contend with. There is no doubt they ran the school heretofore just as though the teacher was out, and hence the warfare upon him for presuming to establish a little healthful financial and commercial discipline among them at a time when financial and commercial equity is most sadly needed because it has hitherto been too much wanting in the school room. It is greatly needed for the common good and has been for years.

While Mr. Depew not only regards the President as a clumsy pedagogue whose honesty of purpose he does not question, he attributes his great success up to the present rather to his luck than his management. He therefore admonishes Republicans of New York and elsewhere to be not over sanguine about snowing Democracy under just yet, while hoping of course, for victory.

If we can read correctly between the lines of Mr. Depew's remarks then we observe that he observes that the school master and the equitable ideas he advocates are just such ideas as will not "down and out at the bidding" of the selfish and obstreperous scholars referred to, and of course Mr. Depew is in sympathy with the bad boys and the protected students upon whom Mr. Cleveland has been laying the whip until their backs and legs are sore indeed with the thrashing already administered. What they are most anxious about now is a change of teachers for the future. In their fright they even prophecy a third term for the "old clumsy pedagogue" who now runs the school. But while this is not probable, a successor elected upon the same issue, and following the same line of policy, we verily believe to be the fate and destiny of those friends of Mr. Depew who are already trembling in their boots.

Pennsylvania Tours to the South.

For several seasons past the announcement of the Pennsylvania Railroad Company's Tours to the South has been looked for with interest, and the pleasant anticipations of those who participated in them have been more than realized. For the present early autumn, announcement is made of two personally conducted tours from New York to the mountains of Maryland and Virginia and the two most prominent cities of the upper South. The specific points covered by these tours are Gettysburg, Blue Mountain, Luray Caverns, Natural Bridge, the Grottoes of the Shenandoah, and the cities of Richmond and Washington.

It would be difficult to plan a tour of ten days which would embrace a more interesting group of places, as every one of them has an individual interest that cannot fail to enlist wide and favorable attention. The scenery of the entire route is picturesque and attractive, and the season is timed so as to present the scenic beauties in their best form.

These tours will leave New York and Philadelphia on September 15 and 29, and the members of the party will travel in special trains of parlor cars provided exclusively for their use. The entire round trip covers a period of ten days, and excursion tickets, including all traveling expenses, will be sold from New York at $55 and Philadelphia $53.

For itineraries containing complete information as to routes, special train service, descriptive notes, &c., apply to or address Tourist Agent, 1196 Broadway, N. Y., or Broad Street Station, Philadelphia.

A satisfied customer is a permanent one. That's why we recommend DeWitt's Little Early Risers. They cure Constipation, Indigestion and Biliousness.—W. S. Rishton, Druggist. tf.

The October *Harper's* will contain the first of five papers by Edwin Lord Weeks on Indian life and art. Under the title "Lahore and the Punjaub" it will describe the characteristic features of the Punjaub district, its people, its officials and army, and its architecture, with fourteen pictures engraved from paintings by Mr. Weeks. In the same number will appear an article on the streets of Paris, by Richard Harding Davis, with telling illustrations by C. D. Gibson; a paper on "Golf in the Old Country," by Casper W. Whitney, illustrated from drawings and photographs; and a review of the romantic work of Iberville in exploring the Mississippi and gaining Louisiana for the French. The fictions of the number will be notable. Interest will increase in Charles Dudley Warner's novel, "The Golden House," and the short stories will include "The Pinochle Club," a sketch of low political life in New York, by Julian Ralph; "Salvation Gap," a story of a mining camp and a lynching, by Owen Wister; "In the Piney Woods," a tale of North Carolina, by Mrs. B. F. Mahew; and "The Old Gentleman of the Black Stock," a charming story of old-fashioned Virginia life, by Thomas Nelson Page.

If the large decrease of business failures can now be attributed to the confidence established by the passage of the Wilson bill, what party was responsible for the prolonged delay in its passage? If the voter can find out for certain we think he ought to vote against that party. It would serve that party right in our opinion.

Mr. J. L. Grissinger

Nervous and Weak

All broken down, unable to sleep, distress and burning in my stomach, smothering and choking spells—this was my condition when I began to take Hood's Sarsaparilla. I have taken 3 bottles and **feel like another man**, can work with ease, weigh over 200, and **am cured.** I shall ever be ready to praise Hood's Sarsaparilla. J. L. GRISSINGER, New Grenada, Pa.

Hood's Sarsaparilla Cures

N. B. Be sure to get Hood's and only Hood's.

Hood's Pills are endorsed by thousands

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Merchant TAILOR, AND HATTER.

SUITS FROM $18.00.

CORNER MAIN & MARKET Sts. BLOOMSBURG, PA.

TROUSERS FROM $5.00.

The talking about cheaper coffee is like talking about cheaper coal. They will be apt to cheapen when the combines controlling them can no longer control the regulation of their supply to the people. If the people could only get up a real fight among the combines the people would win what the combines would lose by the quarrel. The trusts and combines understand this so thoroughly that they strive for peace, and to regulate the output so that the demand is equal to the supply. The margin of profits can thus be nicely regulated in favor of the combines and against the consumer. When cunning scamps fall out, better folks are benefitted by it.

TRIAL LIST.

G. F. Shuman vs. Wilson Richard.
G. F. Shuman vs. Isaiah Sassaman.
Lafayette Fetterman vs. William Thomas Admr.
Singer Mfg. Co. vs. James Dyke, et ux.
John S. Cole vs. Alfnus Cole.
William Gingles vs. Lloyd Albertson, et al.
Ash Bros. vs. Berwick Water Co.
D. B. Fetterolf vs. Susquehanna M. F. Ins. Co.
Wm. Neal, et. al. for use vs. Bloomsburg Belt R. R. Co.
Wm. Neal, et al. for use vs. Rupert a nd Bloomsburg R. R. Co.
John Rantz's Admr. vs. John Young, et. al.
L. T. Rider vs. Charles Hughes.
J. A. Schreck's use vs. I. K. Schweppenheiser.
Clyde Chamberlin vs. Joseph M. Lilly.
Rebecca Hunsinger, et. al. vs. S. H. & W. B. Ry. Co.
W. S. Moyer, Exr., et. al. vs. Bloomsburg Belt R. R.Co.
School Furnishing Co. vs; Bloomsburg Belt R. R. Co.
J. B. Suss vs J. B. Kester & Son.
Elizabeth Roadarmel vs. John F. Kress.
C. L. Sands & Co. vs. G. H. Leffler & Bro.
G. W. Belles vs. M. L. McHenry.
Elizabeth Englehart vs. Burton G. Waples.
Lloyd T. Rider vs. Mathias Gingles.

GRAND JURORS.

SEPT. TERM.

Beaver—Fred Hummer, Simon Hons.
Berwick—Harry Grozier, Charles Brader.
Briarcreek—Les. Courtright, Alexander Sterner, Frank Fowler.
Bloom—T. J. Barton, Peter Billmeyer, Fred Schwinn.
Catawissa—William Berninger.
Centre—Jos. A. Cressy.
Centralia—Christ O'Connor.
Cleveland—Francis Gilger, F. P. Small.
Fishingcreek—Robe. J. Edgar, T. B. Henry, Benj. F. Pealer.
Greenwood—Chas. H. Dildine, Jos. F. Lawton.
Mifflin—Geo. H. Fry.
Mt. Pleasant—Rush Creasy.
Scott—M. L. Keller.

PETIT JURORS.

SEPT. TERM.—FIRST WEEK.

Benton—J. L. C. Kline.
Berwick—Charley Baker, Curt Furman, F. R. Jackson, H. C. Laubach, William Smith.
Bloom—John W. Davis, J. W. Eyer, Ed. H. Esr. C. C. Marr, William Webb.
Catawissa—D. H. Fetterolf, Nelson Hartman, Stephen B. Martin, C. E. Randall, H. Roberts.
Centre—Geo. A. Hartman Henry K. Remley.
Fishingcreek—John Barber.
Greenwood—Robert M. Lyer, John L. Girton, John McMichael.
Hemlock—Lewis Girton, Charles Ward.
Jackson—Frank Derr, Philip Hirleman.
Locust—David Maurer.
Main—W. L. Hauck, W. C. Stevenson.
Mifflin—H. J. Gearhart, Stephen Smoyer.
Millville—Bart Welliver.
Mt. Pleasant—M. J. Elder.
Orange—Wesley Hutton, M. B. Patterson.
Pine—Jos. L. Eves.

SECOND WEEK.

Benton—Wm. A. Coleman, G. L. McHenry.
Berwick—F. R. Kitchen, F. A. Wittman.
Bloom—C. W. McKelvy Jr., Charles Sterner, J. R. Schuyler, G. E. Wilbur.
Catawissa—Geo. W. Reifsnyder, Benj. Schmich, William Witmer.
Centre—Frank W. Hess.
Centralia—John Pitner.
Conyngham—Samuel Keller, William Williams
Cleveland—Jacob Stine.
Fishingcreek—Henry Fullmer, W. W. Hess, A. J. McHenry.
Franklin—William Hower.
Greenwood—John C. Robbins.
Hemlock—Abram Stauffer.
Jackson—John W. Fritz.
Madison—S. D. Rimby, D. N. Williams.
Main—J. W. Kelchner, W. M. Longenberger.
Mifflin—John E. Creasy, A. M. Lutz, R. W. Smith.
Monrour—William Mensch.
Mt. Pleasant—Oscar Crouse, D. C. Davis.
Pine—Clark Bogart.
Roaringcreek—William Confair.
Sugarloaf—S. B. Hess.

WIDOW'S APPRAISMENTS.

The following Widow's Appraisements will be presented to the Orphans' Court of Columbia county, on the last Monday of September A. D., 1894, and confirmed nisi, and unless exceptions are filed within four days thereafter, will be confirmed absolute.

Samuel Coleman Est., Fishingcreek, Personality, $300.00.
Franklin Nagle Est., Sugarloaf, Realty, $275.00, Personality, $7.80—$282.80.
William Ash Est., Benton, Personality, $300.00.
George W. DeWald Est., Madison, Personality, $300.00.
Peter K. Mensch Est., Roaringcreek, Realty, $300.00.
Earl Boston Est., Benton, Personality, $112.10, Realty, $187.90—$300.00.
Abram Dreisbach Est., Catawissa twp., Realty, $150.00.
Adam Utt Est., Greenwood, Personality, $300.00.
William Miller Est., Mt. Pleasant, Personality, $44.25, Realty, $255.75—$300.00.

CLERK'S OFFICE, Bloomsburg, Pa., Sept. 1, '94. G. M. QUICK, Clerk O. C.

ALL MEN AND WOMEN

have business with others, and should, therefore, have a business education.

THE QUICKEST WAY to get the best ideas of modern business practice is to attend the

Wilkes-Barre Business College,

NEW ANTHRACITE BLDG.,
(All conveniences, elevator service.)
11 West Market. **Wilkesbarre.**

This year's catalogue is something especially fine. Ask for it. 8-24-3m.

The Late....

Josh Billings

said he had read a number of good essays on "Milk," but the best thing he had ever seen on it was cream.

Now Then----

That is what we have to say of our new stock of fall and winter dress goods—its the cream assortment of foreign novelties in dress patterns at prices in accord with the times. Of American productions, the cream assortment of novelties in two fold effects, and we certainly feel proud what American manufactories can do. We know you are not ungrateful, and when you see these novelties, you'll say you never saw anything like them for the price. Our shoe department is as complete as any in town, and has the latest things in all classes and prices.

Grocery Department.

We carry the most complete and largest assortment of groceries in town. All grades and all prices. Imported French olives, pitted, stuffed with anchovies in oil, and the regular XXX Queen olives. Have you tried our mushrooms? Hemlock flour, $3.00 per bbl. Have you seen our way to boil eggs? If not, call and we will explain. Beats the old way. Just try it.

Pursel & Harman,

BLOOMSBURG, PA.

Snyder & Magee Co. Lim.

4th and Market Sts. Bloomsburg, Pa.

Great Mid-Summer Clearing Sale.

Our buyer has just returned from the markets where he has completed purchases of goods suitable for the fall trade. And in order to make room for same we have decided to sell our entire

Summer Stock

-AT-

Sweeping Reductions.

Here are a few of the wonderful bargains we will offer during the next two weeks:—

32	inch	part wool challies,	former price	23c., now	10c.
24	"	cotton	" "	7c., "	3½c.
24	"	summer calicoes,	" "	7c., "	4c.
36	"	twilled delaine,	" "	15c., "	6¾c.
36	"	Tartan plaids, [part wool]	former price	25c., "	12½c.
36	"	figured lawn	" "	20c., "	12½c.
30	"	satin stripe mull	" "	15c., "	10c.
50	pieces	staple checks for aprons,	former price	6c., "	4c.
50	"	36 inch bleached muslin	former price	6c., "	4½c.
40	pieces	36 inch unbleached muslin,	former price	7c., "	5½c.

In addition to the foregoing we will offer special bargains in silks, worsted dress goods, satins, pongees, organdies, brocades &c., &c.

Every week we are opening new departments. Our latest is for toilet articles, which will be found complete with every article requisite. Soaps, oils, combs, brushes, and the celebrated "Lady Jane Grey" perfumes.

To see our table linen stock is to be convinced that it is the largest in the State. All we ask is a visit to our store. No visitor is forced to buy.

Snyder & Magee Co., Limited,

FOURTH AND MARKET STREETS. BLOOMSBURG, PA.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report.

Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

THE COLUMBIAN.

BLOOMSBURG, PA.

FRIDAY, SEPTEMBER 7, 1894.

Entered at the Post Office at Bloomsburg, Pa as second class matter. March 1, 1888.

The Montour County Agricultural Society will hold its annual fair at Danville, on Thursday and Friday, of September 20th and 21st.

No Griping, no Nausea, no Pain, when DeWitt's Little Early Risers are taken. Small Pill. Safe Pill. Best Pill. —W. S. Rishton, Druggist. tf.

W. A. Evert, Attorney-at-Law, may be found by patrons hereafter over the Farmers' National Bank, in the Mrs. Ent Building.

The following letters are advertised 9, 4, 1894. Mrs. Clara House. Mr. L. C. Moore, Mr. J R. Overpeck. Cards: John Jenkins. Will be sent to the dead letter office September 18, 1894.

JAMES H. MERCER, P. M.

As a matter of interest to readers and home builders we are pleased to say that C. E. Yorks, of Elk Grove, is said to be quarrying out a very nice article of paving stone, and which can no doubt be gotten to Bloomsburg via the B. & S. railroad much cheaper than stone can be shipped here from abroad. We mention the matter for the benefit of readers who are building and paving.

Harvest Home.

The annual Harvest Home Services under the pastorate of Rev. A. Houtz will be held as follows: On Sunday, September 16th, at St. James, at 10:15 A. M., Zion 2:30 P. M., and Orangeville 7:30 P. M. And on Sunday September 23d., at Hidlay, at 10:30 A. M., and Briarcreek at 2:30 P. M. All are cordially invited to attend.

A Rainmaker's Suicide.

The man who committed suicide at the Hope Hotel, Denver, Aug. 29, proves to be Frank Melbourne, the rainmaker, well known throughout the west, particularly in Wyoming, where he lives.

Considering the long continued drought it is a particularly sad time to part with rainmakers.

INVITATION.

We ask the presence of yourself and ladies to attend the Opening of our remodled and enlarged store, which will take place next Wednesday evening, August 12th. Elwell's Orchestra will render delightful music from 7 to 9.30, and each lady and gentleman will receive a handsome souvenir. Hoping to be favored with your presence, we remain,

Sincerely Yours,
J. M. GIDDING & Co.

"There is a Salve for every wound." We refer to DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve; cures burns, bruises, cuts, indolent sores, as a local application in the nostrils it cures catarrh, and always cures piles.—W. S. Rishton, Druggist. tf.

Cheap Advertising.

The latest fad with city magazines is to cunningly endeavor to edit all country newspapers that will print their choice selections and not forget to give them credit. There are too many country editors thus giving the city magazines gratis advertisements when their own selections would read just as well and their own writing much better, besides being profitable to themselves and entertaining to their readers. A country paper that is city edited don't fill the bill by a long shot. If city magazines must have advertisements in country newspapers, let them pay for it, I say.

J. R. Townsend is the leading Merchant Tailor of Columbia county. See his advertisement on fourth page. tf.

The ladies of the Lutheran Church will give Ice Cream and Cake of excellent quality at the home of Mrs. Clarence Gunton, Third and R. R. Streets, Friday evening. Proceeds for the Repair Fund.

False Prophecy.

The rain predicted for Tuesday failed to materialize. Some one seems to have said with truth "all signs fail in time of drought." The equinoctial gales will strike us soon, when we may reasonable hope for a change of weather unless a change of moon brings it about sooner. We believe in equinoctial gales and moon changes rather more than on the word of weather prophets and rainmakers some how. The weather prophets and rainmakers are entirely to blame for our skepticism, too, having fooled us so often that we wouldn't believe their prophecies if they were to swear to them.

For instance, Mrs. Chas. Rogers, of Bay City, Mich., accidentally spilled scalding water over her little boy. She promptly applied DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve, giving instant relief. Its a wonderful good salve for burns, bruises, sores, and a sure cure for Piles.—W. S. Rishton, Druggist. tf.

The Congressional Fight.

SUNBURY, Sept. 4.—The Democratic congressional conference of the seventeenth district, comprising Northumberland, Montour, Columbia and Sullivan counties, met here this afternoon. George W. Miles, of Montour, was made chairman.

Of the eight conferees Buckalew, of Columbia, has four; Steinbach, of Montour, two, and Dewart, of Northumberland, two. Ten ballots were taken before adjournment at six o'clock, the above being the result of each ballot. It looks as though a deadlock will result, although a dark horse is in waiting and efforts are being made to have the conference name him as a compromise candidate.—*The Patriot.*

The deadlock at Sunbury, September 5th, in the effort to nominate a Congressman for the 17th district, resulted after 21 ballots in a tie between Buckalew 4, and Steinbach 4. Adjourned to meet in Danville next Monday.

Resolutions upon the death of D. A. Beckley.

Resolved: That with deep sorrow we are called upon to mourn the loss of Brother Daniel A. Beckley.

He was kind, always ready and willing to serve others, remuneration for such services being with him a secondary consideration. Realizing the kiud disposition manifested toward the members of this Society and this community at large, we are the better able to sympathize with his family and near friends in their sad bereavement and great grief, and we do extend to them our heartfelt sympathy; commending them to the care of that Heavenly Parent into whose hands we must all sooner or latter in turn commit our souls.

Resolved: That these resolutions be spread upon the minutes and a copy be presented to his family.

Com. { JAS. C. BROWN. L. T. SHARPLESS. C. W. MILLER.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria.
When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria.
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria.
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

BICYCLES FOR RENT.

Bicycles of every description for rent by the day or hour. Prices moderate, at

MEARS' BICYCLE LIVERY,
Fifth Street.

The Saving Rain.

BY I. J. JAMISON.

Oh the rain, the essential rain,
Answering at last the prayerful refrain
In falling from Heaven above.
Reviving all growth that is thirsting to death
Allaying the terrors of fire and drought,
Thou comest from Him who is Love.

Oh the rain, the refreshing rain,
Drink where there's thirsting, balm where there's pain,
Thy dropping is music indeed.
A new lease of life, in fact a new birth,
Is wrapt in thy coming from heaven to earth
Thou thwarter of death, thou arrester of need.

IN BED FOR 30 YEARS.

CANTON, Pa., July 15.—The death of Harriet Sackett, who lived near Smith's Mills, ended a strange life. Thirty years ago she and her sister Julia, although suffering in no way, went to bed and refused to rise again. They were then young, and no amount of coaxing could induce them to leave their bed. The mother cared for them, but she died. Afterwards other members of the family carried food to them. In time Harriet became a hopeless paralytic. About four years ago, Julia one day astonished her friends by getting up, and she has since acted as other persons. Harriet was always cold, no matter how hot the weather, and usually slept under a mass of dressed sheepskins. They never gave a reason for their odd conduct.

The Law and Labor Day.

It seems that Labor Day is not only a legal holiday, but so far as post-offices are concerned in Pennsylvania its a twin holiday. That is, post-masters of Pennsylvania may observe both the National and State occasion for Labor Day. Touching this point, inquiries have been pouring into the Post office Department at Washington from post masters all over the country as to whether post-offices can be closed to observe Labor Day. The Post-office Department has in each case informed the inquirers that Labor Day is a legal holiday, and their offices can be closed. In States where Labor Day is by acts of their legislature, notably Pennsylvania, made a holiday on a date other than the federal holiday, the postmasters have been advised that both holidays can be observed This is in accordance with the postal regulations, which provide that post-offices can be closed on State holidays.

The State holiday fell on Saturday, the 1st of September, this year, while the National holiday fell on Monday.

Protestant Missions in Japan.

The Protestant Missions in Japan date from 1859, yet according to a table published by Rev. H. Loomis, of Yokohama, they have now an adult membership of thirty-seven thousand, three hundred, ninety-eight (37,398). So that beginning with nothing they have nevertheless made the astonishing net gain, annually, of over one thousand per year. Of the Methodist Episcopal church, it costs for salaries, office expenses, but 3 per cent. to run its tract work. Ninety-seven cents of every dollar goes directly to the field.

Office-holders and the Income Tax.

Besides the milliohaires, large property owners, big salaried persons in private life, and leaders in trade and commerce who will be affected by the income tax provision of the new Tariff bill which has become a law, there will be a sufficient number of public office holders in Philadelphia and Harrisburg to be taxed on their salaries in the aggregate about $5,000 a year for the United States Treasury. Every person in a public berth must pay the Government 2 per cent. on the excess of his salary over $4,000. There are in Philadelphia 14 or 15 men who each draw more than that amount for serving Uncle Sam, who insists on getting back a fraction of what he pays them. About that many more persons in Philadelphia and in Harrisburg who earn over $4,000 are servants of the State, while more than two score of officeholders whose pay-warrants call for amounts that will yield income tax are municipal and county employes of Philadelphia.

The aggregate of the taxable salaries in these three classes is about $540,000, and the total of the excesses over $4,000 is about a quarter of a million, making the average of each of the 75 taxable incumbents of elective and appointive offices more than $7,200 a year. These three score and fifteen comfortably-fixed persons would seem a very small group in comparison with the army of public servants in Philadelphia whose pay ranges from the $3,900 salary of City Property Chief Eisenhower, down to the day laborer's wages. Right on the danger line, with $4,000 each, are Survey Chief Webster, First Assistant City Solicitor Alcorn, Second Assistant District Attorney Ker, Tax Assessment Revisers Loughlin, Gratz and Fairman, Public Instruction Superintendent Schaeffer, Banking Superintendent Krumbhaar and Pension Agent Mulholland. Still safer from Internal Revenue Collector Doyle's deputies are Chief Building Inspector Haddock, Highway Bureau Chief Bullock, Water Bureau Superintendent Hand and Deputy Prothonotary Roberts, with $3,500 apiece; Fairmount Park Superintendent Thayler, who gets $3,750, and Appraiser Ingersoll, who is just $1,000 within the dead line.

At the top of the list of salaries is Sheriff Clement's $15,000, upon $11,000 of which he will pay until the end of 1896, an annual tax of $220, which would buy several hundred political club excursion tickets. Probably Mr. Harrity's successor as Secretary of the Commonwealth, will render unto Cæsar nearly as much, for in addition to the secretaryship salary of $4,000, and other salaries, aggregating $1,100 for membership in State boards, he is entitled to a considerable amount of fees. As Mayor Stuart's term will expire next April, he will not be called upon to give up any of his $12,000 a year.

Governor Pattison will also escape paying tribute on his $10,000, which is the amount paid each of eight Philadelphia officials, namely, Directors Windrim and Beitler, who step out with the Mayor; City Solicitor Warwick and Tax Receiver Taylor, who must each continue until April, 1896, giving up $120, which is more than their ward committees would expect from them for campaign banners and hall hiring; District Attorney Graham, whose term will expire three months before those of Messrs. Warwick and Taylor; Recorder of Deeds Green, who must turn into the Government coffers for about two years enough money to supply a big club of Frankford campaigners with capes and torches; City Treasurer McCreary, who, retiring at the end of this year, can keep his $10,000 intact; and Common Pleas Prothonotary Mann, who will continue indefinitely, at the pleasure of the Board of Judges, parting with his mite of two per cent. on his $6,000 excess.

The biggest Federal salary, next to the $10,000 of Justice Shiras, of the United States Circuit Court, is Collector of the Port Read's $8,000, out of which he will send to Washington $80, or more than Tenth Ward Manager David McGriffin would ask from his chief to keep down the majority in William R. Leeds' division. The two Associates of Justice Shiras, in the Circuit Court—Judges Dallas and Acheson—must keep the wolf from the door with $6,000 apiece. City Controller Thompson's pay is the same as Collector Read's and so are the salaries of six of the State Supreme Court Justices—Greene, Williams, McCollum, Mitchell, Dean and Fell—while Chief Justice Sterrett has $500 extra upon which to make up his tax of $90.

Probably the contribution of the successor of Attorney General Hensel to the Washington vaults will rank next to the offerings of the $10,000 class, as, in addition to his two salaries aggregating $4,500, he is entitled to certain fees. Next in the list come the twelve Common Pleas and four Orphans' Court Judges of Philadelphia, whose annual remuneration is $7,000. Water Bureau Chief Ogden escapes with an offering of $40—he being just $2,000 beyond the exemption mark, and in exactly the same rank with him are Sheriff's Real Estate Deputy Leach and Postmaster Carr.

The $30 which Gas Bureau Chief Park must part with out of $5,500, if the new Director of Public Works shall retain him, about equals his annual contribution to the Twenty-sixth Ward Republican Committee. Outsiders can only guess at what the Register of Wills, who will succeed Mr. Shields next January, must hand to the internal revenue deputy; for, beyond the salary of $5,000, the Register receives fees not exceeding 3 per cent. on collateral inheritance tax. State Treasurer Jackson's income of $6,200 is made up of four salaries, the main one being $5,000, and the three others for membership in State boards.

Auditor General Gregg rakes in $5,200, comprising four salaries, his chief one being $4,000. Lieutenant Governor Watres gets $5,500, of which $500 is for membership in the Board of Pardons. Then follows a lot of $5,000 officials, whose $20 tax would supply the brand of cigars kept for "boys" who carry their divisions. These $5,000 men comprise Electrical Bureau Chief Walker, Coroner Ashbridge. Public School Superintendent Brooks, Assistant District Attorney Kinsey, City Commissioners Sensenderfer, Richmond and Wildemore, Quarantine Physician Boenning, Quarter Sessions Clerk Latta, United States District Court Judge Butler, who is appointed for life; Surveyor of the Meek and Naval Officer Wright.

The tax gatherer will probably not get much of a chance at United States District Attorney Ingham or Marshal Colesberry, and, as the incumbents of those offices are paid by fees, it cannot be said with certainty whether their income tax would go far toward furnishing the sideboard room of a political club or not. There are only four other Federal officials—Mint Superintendent Townsend, Special Deputy Collector of the Port Crilly, Assistant United States Treasurer Bigler and the tax gatherer himself, Internal Revenue Collector Doyle, who are paid taxable salaries, their annual reward being $4,500. Precisely the same figures are on the pay warrants of Police Superintendent Linden, Secretary of Internal Affairs Stewart, who, however, will retire next January, and Warden Cassidy, of the Eastern Penitentiary.

Over 2,270 square feet of floor space devoted entirely to the sale of clothing, hats and furnishings.

The largest, finest and most comprehensive line of clothing in several counties.

Everything Ready.

Complete lines of men's boy's and children's clothing, hats and furnishings, at the lowest prices that were ever known. Tariff reductions have done it. We as well as yourselves are gainers by the transaction. You by getting better goods at lower prices than heretofore, and we by being able to give you better values than ever before. Men's suits, $6.00 to $20.00. Boy's suits, $4.00 to $16.00. Children's suits, $1.00 to $8.00. All the latest novelties for children's wear in "Fauntleroy" suits, Reefer suits, Kilt suits, and Jersey suits at prices that will make them doubly interesting.

J. M. Gidding & Co.,

Clothiers Hatters and Furnishers,

BLOOMSBURG, PA.

A good cow for sale. Will be fresh about the 15th of October. Address or apply to—A. M. DeWitt, Orangeville, Pa. 2t.

How Coal Prices Are Fixed.

The anthracite coal sales agents at their meeting in New York, August 25th, decided to fix the output for September at 2,500,000 tons. No action was taken as to prices or percentages. The output being fixed, of course prices and percentages can be regulated somewhat by the demand for coal. That is the object of fixing the output, of course.

Marriage.

On August 29th, at the Reformed parsonage in Orangeville, by Rev. A. Houtz, Mr. E. A Beishline, of Benton township, and Miss Ora E. Creveling, of Fishingcreek township.

SEPT. 15. F. D. Dentler, one of the administrators of Sylvester Pursel, deceased, will sell several tracts of valuable real estate in Hemlock township, at ten o'clock a. m. See advertisement in this paper.

Ladies and gentlemen, why do you suffer with Corns or Bunions on your feet when you can be relieved by using the world renouned Corn Ease? It contains no poison and gives no pain. For sale by J. B. Russell at Glasco Cameron's tonsorial Parlors. If not satisfied with the result, money refunded. 6-15-2m.

Boarding

And furnished rooms to rent on Main street. Steam, gas, hot and cold water and bath. Apply to Mrs. M. M. Phillips, at Phillips' Cafe. tf

Compliments From a Rival.

The proprietor of Wood's Business College in his August Journal and catalogue pays a handsome tribute to Buck, Whitmore & Co., of the Scranton Business College, by publishing portraits of them on the front page as his principal teachers. This while complimentry, is somewhat misleading in that it implies that these experienced teachers are still with his college. Fact is: Buck & Whitmore decided to open a school of their own where they could reap the benefits of their untiring energy. Garney, Brown, & Co., erected for them a handsome new building, cor. Adams avenue and Linden street, Court House square, and they opened for business Monday, Sept. 3, with a large enrollment of students, some of whom left the other school in order to finish their courses under direction of these experienced and popular instructors. They publish a very handsome college journal, which gives full particulars concerning them and their school, and they will mail it free to any who ask for it. 7-27-1y.

BOOK-BINDING.

Bring your Magic City, Dream City, or any other World's Fair pictures to this office, and have them handsomely bound for one dollar. Orders taken for all kinds of book-binding. Bring your books here, or leave order and they will be called for and delivered. Our work is done by the Sunbury Bindery, and it costs no more to order from us than direct from the Bindery. tf

FARMERS' HOTEL,
Iron Street,
BLOOMSBURG, PA.
First-class accommodations for regular and transient boarders. Good stable attached.

THE

Nerve Tonic.

Meredith's Celery with Pepsin Bitters, is Non-Alcoholic. It is a true Nerve Tonic, an active Alterative, a reliable Laxative and Diuretic. It restores Strength, renews Vitality, Purifies the Blood, Regulates the Kidneys, Liver and Bowels. Price $1.00 per bottle at all druggists and groceries. If they don't have it, write to

G. W. Meredith & Co.,

Pittsburg, Pa., and they will see that you get it.

Sept. 18, yr.

The leader in our corset department is the Kabo Corset—and justly so.

It's not only perfect fitting, but the bones won't break.

In case they do, come back and get your money.

Another reason—it has soft eyelets which will not cut the laces.

For sale by Pursell & Harman.

HANCE BROS. & WHITE, Philadelphia have put upon the market a line of 10c packages of family medicines, with tiny books of advice and information inside. DO US THE FAVOR TO EXAMINE THE WHOLE SCHEME CAREFULLY. The medicines are of the highest order of pharmaceutical work. A rational system instead of a patent medicine system. They are not for serious sickness; that would be wicked; but for common, simple disorders that you don't call a doctor for, but go to the drug store for. We are selling them:

Headache Stop.—Book in the box worth $1,000 to anyone who has headaches and plenty of money.
Easy Physic.—Book on Habitual Constipation.
Frog in Your Throat.—Clear your voice in a minute.
Tube Tooth Paste.—Book on care of the teeth.
Worm News.—Book for guide to the mother.
Sure Cholera Tablets.—For Diarrhœa.
Phenol Sodique.—For cuts, bruises and burns.
Charcoal Tablets.—For dyspepsia.
Cold Cream.—In tubes for chapped hands.
Camphor Ice.—As fine as can be.

W. S. Rishton, Druggist.
OPPOSITE POST-OFFICE

DROUGHT AND FIRE AT HOME AND ABROAD.

Millions Lost to Pennsylvania, Wisconsin, Michigan, Washington, and Other States.

WILKES-BARRE, Aug. 30.—For several days a dense and smoky mist has hung over the Wyoming Valley and has proved most disagreeable. It is due to enormous fires on the mountains and especially the big one which is raging in Muncy Valley, about forty miles from here. John Hullinger, a lumberman, who arrived in the city to-day from North Mountain, says:—

"Hundreds of thousands of feet of the finest timber in that part of the State are being destroyed, and no less than 1,000 men have been working for the past two days trying to extinguish the flames which are sweeping over hundreds of acres. Great excitement prevails at Muncy and Williamsport, and the trains leaving the latter city are crowded with people on their way to the forest, many of them to assist in the effort to conquer the fire. Unless help in the way of rain comes within the next day or two the loss will not only be appaling, but the entire lumber district of that section will be destroyed."

Fires are also raging on the mountains on all sides of the city, and though not yet very extensive it is feared they may spread, as owing to long drought the woods are as dry as a long spell of hot weather can make them. This lack of rain is causing serious suffering in all parts of the county. The farmers state that their crops are all drying up, and everything is parched and cracking for the want of moisture.

In the lower end of the county nearly all the collieries have been compelled to suspend operations until there is rain, and there is not sufficient water to supply their boilers. The mines in this part of the county are a little better off as most of them have private reservoirs, but these are becoming rapidly exhausted, and another week of dry weather will cause a suspension here it is feared. Up at Honesdale the Delaware and Hudson collieries will be compelled to shut down in a day or so, and the Delaware River from Lackawaxen West is almost dried up.

HARRISBURG, Aug. 30.—The fires in the mountains north and west of this city have created great clouds of smoke which are gradually creeping down from the mountains and enveloping the city.

From no point in the city looking in any direction is there a clear view that shows the boldness of the mountain range. All is dim and foggy. Reports from the Juniatta Valley and up the North Branch say that from the towns the sight of the forest fires is grand beyond description. A good rain is very badly needed just now to put out the fires and clear up the atmosphere.

MILTON, Aug. 30.—The smoke from the forest fires has been so dense in this section that it is impossible to distinguish the hills and mountains within a radius of two miles.

Crops and vegetables are drying up for want of rain and water is so scarce in the country that it is being hauled in barrels from the river and that is very low. The dew that falls in the morning and evening is scarcely perceptible, and does little good.

CHIPPEWA FALLS, WIS., Aug. 30.—Forest fires in this section have been intermittent for two months, and the aggregate loss is not less than $3,000,000 among the pine land owners and saw mill men, besides loss to individuals. Fires are raging around Prentice, which was almost wiped out a few weeks ago, and fire apparatus has been sent there from this city. The village of Vesper, in Wood County, was completely demolished yesterday, and twenty families are reported homeless. At Mason City, ten miles distant, citizens are exhausted by continuously fighting fire, and little is left in the village. At Lafayette forest fires devastated the homes of six farmers.

Fire is raging in Phillips, which was almost destroyed in the last fire. A fire engine and crew sent from this city is now engaged in the outskirts keeping back the fire. Not one of the 280 buildings in the town is now standing. Fire is burning at Silver Springs Park, four miles distant from this city, and the plant of the Chippewa Spring Water Company, a large concern that ships to all parts of the country, is in danger.

Fires are booming along the Chicago St. Paul, Minneapolis & Omaha, between Chippewa Falls and Spooner, for 200 miles, and every town is suffering to a greater or less degree, fire protection being out of question. At Masen City the Jump River Lumber Company lost its plant, 1,000,000 of logs and 2,000,000 of sawed lumber.

Fires are raging with terrific fury through the forests of Burnet and Washburn Counties, close to the railroad tracks and passengers report the country is like a sea of fire. The Wisconsin Central and the Omaha Railways have been heavy losers by fires, their tracks being burned for miles, and a number of freight cars were lost by the latter road at Mason.

The most extensive cranberry farm in Wisconsin, five miles from this city, owned by Aglum & Donovan, was completely destroyed yesterday, their loss being $5,000, with no insurance. The Chippewa Lumber & Boom Company, of this city, one of the biggest concerns of the kind in the United States, of which the lumber baron, Fred Weyerhauser, is the head, has lost in the neighborhood of $1,000,000 in standing pine. The heaviest losers here are: The Chippewa Lumber & Boom Company, Chippewa Falls, $5000,000; J. R. Davis Lumber Company $1,000,000; White River Lumber Company, Mason, $200,000; Lake Superior Lumber Company, Nebogomain, $50,000; Jump River Lumber Company, Prentice, $200,000; Wisconsin Central Railroad, $50,000; Chicago, St. Paul, Minneapolis & Omaha, $100,000; Jacob Linerkunel, Chippewa Falls, $10,000; Owen Lappin, ; Chippewa Falls, $5,000; town of Phillips, $200,000.

The losses to the lumber companies are mainly standing pine, on which there was no insurance.

BAY CITY, MICH., Aug 30.—Unless rain comes at once great suffering will be entailed on those who have homes in the path of the fire. Dr. McTavish drove out into the country and reported that eight families had to take what little household and personal goods they could find and move into the village of Kawkawlin. The prairies between Bay City and Saginaw have been burned over, and the fire is now confined to the black loam surface, which burns like punk, and the stifling smoke that is produced is blown over both Bay cities, which have been enveloped all day owing to a gale from the southwest.

A resident of the southeast part of Bay City was informed that some timber land belonging to him near Midland was being damaged by fire. He drove in that direction, but on account of fire and smoke could not get within two miles of his property. In Monitor and Beaver Townships farmers have been fighting fire steadily for forty-eight hours. Reports of the loss of life have been brought in, but are discredited.

ISHPEMING, MICH., Aug. 30—Smoke settles at night in a dense pall over the cities and villages, being at times so dense that an arc light is invisible at 150 feet distant, and nothing can be seen across the street. The season has been unusually dry and fires have been burning most of the time since May. Considerable damage has been done in every county, but Ontonagon County has suffered the heaviest loss, and it is in this county that the heaviest reserves of pine are growing, as it was opened to settlers and lumbermen but a few years ago.

The Diamond Match Company has been the heaviest loser by fire. Of the 250,000,000 to 300,000,000 feet of standing pine burned in Ontonagon County, the Diamond Match Company has lost over 100,000,000. The lumbermen have already put crews in the woods cutting damaged pine. The Diamond Match Company will cut at least 100,000,000 feet and as much more as possible, as against 55,000,000 last season.

HARRISVILLE, MICH., Aug 30.—Forest fires, which have burned with intermittent vigor, have thoroughly swept all of the locality between this city and West Branch, eighty-four miles distant, along the line of the Michigan Central Railway. Many families have lost everything, and are suffering from exposure and hunger. Crops, fences and entire sections and townships of valuable lumber have been swallowed up, and the only salvation for the little property remaining is rain.

GLADWIN, MICH., Aug. 30.—Stevens Station, a small mill hamlet between here and Pinconning, has been practically destroyed by fires which have been raging for the past ten days. A train which ran through the place was set on fire in several places and many windows broken.

SEATTLE, WASH., Aug. 30.—Forest fires are common enough in this country, but in five years there has been none to equal that which now prevails. Navigation on the sound has been rendered somewhat dangerous by reason of the smoke. Several towns on the sound have been threatened with total destruction, but so far the damage has been light.

The fire departments at Whatcom and Bellingham, as well as citizens, have been constantly fighting fire for the past forty eight hours. In Whatcom several houses in the outskirts have been destroyed and many bridges burned on country roads. The damage to standing timber which has been destroyed by the flames cannot yet be estimated, but will prove heavy. The worst is believed to be over, as rain, of which there has been none for over two months, is threatened.

The coast of British Columbia and adjoining the Island of Vancouver has also suffered.

HELENA, MONT., Aug. 30.—The town of Elliston was practically wiped out by fire yesterday. Eight or ten houses were destroyed, including two hotels, a butcher shop and several saloons and stores. Many people are without shelter.

Headache is the direct result of Indigestion and Stomach Disorders. Remedy these by using DeWitt's Little Early Risers and your Headache disappears. The favorite Little Pill everywhere.—W. S. Rishton, Druggist. tf.

Make the Sabbath Happy.

There is a sacred halo about the Sabbath morning, says the Kansas *Times*. There is a restful quiet in the very air. There is a slumbering sweetness that is felt no other day. Children seem happier and mothers seem to have a more grateful smile. He who does all things well, has given a Heavenly cast of love to the day set apart for His worship. The chime of church bells and the singing of the happy birds make a melody of praise this morning distinct from any other day.

The past week's labor is over and another record is made in the flight of time. This is a day of repose, one set apart to worship God and rest your weary mind. It should be the happiest day in the week. Everything pertains to happiness and rest to-day, the sun seems to shine so leisurely, and the rosy faces and sparkling eyes—soul windows of childhood—seem to have a greater radiance of gladness this morning. This is especially the day to make children happy, for it has been consecrated to Him who said: "Suffer little children to come unto me, and forbid them not for of such is the Kingdom of Heaven."

Every man, be he rich or poor, should be a worshiper to-day for prince and pauper alike are heirs to the effulgent glory of the Sabbath morning and the cheerful twilight that encircles the evening departure of the day of rest. The busy merchant leaves his counter, his yard-stick and his worry behind him and consecrates the day to worship and making home happy. The laborer hangs his tin bucket on his arm, and homeward bound, walks with a lighter tread on Saturday eve, when he thinks of the morrow—the day of perfect peace.

Whether you dwell in a costly mansion or in a log cabin where clambering morning glories grow by the side of the door, you should rest and be happy to-day. Home is what you make it. It is not brick and mortar or plated glass, but true contentment that makes the happy home. This is the day to throw off life's cares and vexations and throw open your soul that the Prince of Peace may come in. Get better acquainted with your family and your God to-day, and don't forget to make home cheerful.

Don't pervert the Holy Sabbath with a dyspeptic frown. Even some professors of religion misinterpret the meaning of the day of rest. While it is a day to keep near the altar and put a healthy contribution in the basket, yet it is not required of a man to draw his face out as long as a cornet solo to prove his devotion to the Divine Creator. Go to church, and be sure and take a clear conscience with you.

The wife should make her husband happy to-day. Don't chill his soul with a stare that would wilt the plumes on a hearse. He has battled all week with the rugged ridges of the world. His strong arm stands between you and the cold, calculating uncharitableness of a world whose pitfalls you have never known. Help hold up his hands by greeting him with a welcome smile.

The sum and substance of true living is happiness, and every one should crowd as much happiness into the day of worship as he or she possibly can.

All the talk in the world will not convince you so quickly as one trial of DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve for Scalds, Burns, Bruises, Skin Affections and Piles.—W. S. Rishton, Druggist. tf.

A Young Man's Clothes.

I believe a young man should dress as well as his means allow, no better but no worse, writes Edward W. Bok in the September *Ladies' Home Journal*. Money spent on a neat appearance is never wasted with a man, be he young or old. The danger in a young man's clothes is a tendency toward extravagance. This is never justifiable, no matter what may be the income of a young man. Extravagance is always wasteful. But neither must he economize too closely. We may like it or not, but we are judged in this world, first for what we are, but also as we look, and a young man's sense should teach him that it is always wise to create a good impression. Good clothes cannot make a young man, but they are a help. A well-dressed young man does not necessarily imply that he should wear the highest priced clothes cut in the very latest styles. It is just as possible to be well attired in clothes of moderate cost, so long as they are not "loud" nor "showy," but quiet and neat. The best dressers among men follow the same method as do the best dressers among women: they do it quietly but well.

Small in size, great in results: DeWitt's Little Early Risers. Best pill for Constipation, best for Sick Headache, best for Sour Stomach.—W. S. Rishton, Druggist. tf.

Heart Disease Relieved in 30 Minutes.

Dr. Agnew's Cure for the Heart gives perfect relief in all cases of Organic or Sympathetic Heart Disease in 30 minutes, and speedily effects a cure. It is a peerless remedy for Palpitation, Shortness of Breath, Smothering Spells, Pain in Left Side and all symptoms of a Diseased Heart. One dose convinces. Sold by W. S. Rishton. 6-15-1y.

"Trust those who have tried."

Catarrh caused hoarseness and difficulty in speaking. I also to a great extent lost hearing. By the use Ely's Cream Balm dropping of mucus has ceased, voice and hearing have greatly improved.—J. W. Davidson, Att'y at Law, Monmouth, Ill.

I used Ely's Cream Balm for catarrh and have received great benefit. I believe it a safe and certain cure. Very pleasant to take.—Wm. Frazer, Rochester, N. Y.

Price of Cream Balm is fifty cents.

One word describes it—"perfection." We refer to DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve; cures obstinate sores, burns, skin diseases and is a well known cure for piles.—W. S. Rishton, Druggist. tf.

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The Philadelphia Specialist,
And his associated staff of English and German Physicians, will be at the
Exchange Hotel, Bloomsburg, Pa.,
FRIDAY, JULY 20, '94,
(ONE DAY ONLY IN EACH MONTH,)
Where they may be consulted. The Doctor is a graduate of the University of Pennsylvania, formerly demonstrator of physiology and surgery at the Medico-Chirurgical College, of Philadelphia. He is also an honorary member of the Medico-Chirurgical Association, and was physician and surgeon-in-chief of the most noted American and German hospitals, comes highly indorsed by the leading professors of Philadelphia and New York.
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If you have been given up by your physician, call upon the doctor and be examined. He cures the worst cases of Nervous Debility, Scrofula, Old Sores, Catarrh, Piles, Female Weakness, Affections of the Ear, Eye, Nose and Throat, Asthma, Deafness, Tumors, Cancers, and Crippies of every description. Consultation in English and German free, which shall be considered sacred and strictly confidential.
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Cleans the Nasal Passages, Allays Pain and Inflammation, Heals the Sores. Restores the Sense of Taste and smell.
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The Best Burning Oil That Can be Made From Petroleum.
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We stake our Reputation, as Refiners upon the statement that it is
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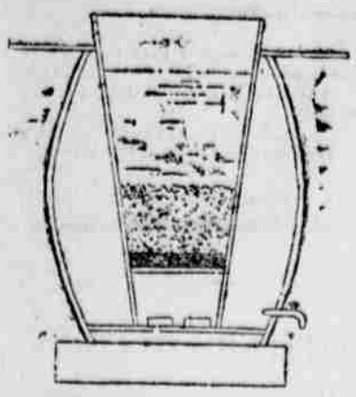
HOME-MADE FILTER.

How a Very Cheap One Can Be Made From a Barrel.

When rain water is used for drinking and household purposes, it should be filtered. Very good filters for the purpose can be obtained in almost every town. Those who prefer to save the cost by making their own filter will find the accompanying sketch and description suggestive. A barrel or half-barrel may be used, accordingly as large or smaller quantities of water are required. It need not be new, only water-tight and clean. One head is removed and in it is set a wedged-shaped box, as shown in the sectional view herewith. The top of the filter



box projects four inches above the barrel. Four inches from the bottom of the filter box is a closely-fitted bottom of wood or zinc perforated with small holes. Above this perforated bottom are placed four inches of charcoal, a layer of the coarsest pieces at the bottom. If gravel is obtainable a layer or two or three inches deep may be put in over the charcoal. Pour in the water, and if the charcoal has been well pressed in place the water will filter slowly through. A faucet is placed near the bottom of the barrel as shown. Two of the lower edges of the filter-box are deeply notched to allow the free escape of the filtered water as it comes through the perforated bottom.

Anchor of American Sheep Husbandry.

As sure as one and one are two the sheep for the farmers is one combining in a high degree a good mature carcass at two years old and a fleece of clean, strong, lively wool that will weigh ten pounds or more. Men with such sheep have not been complaining of hard times during the last five years. Nor are such sheep hard to find by any means. Good sheep, good pastures, good breeding, good management in good hands have less competition than the opposite kind of sheep and care given. The ordinary wool grower wants to heed this. He has need of getting outside, above the class he complains of. It is better beyond where the best products are offered in the markets. Mutton-sheep raisers want all they can get for their wool as well as mutton, but mutton-raisers say least. There has been a rainbow in sight all the time for them.

Accuracy and Measuring.

Many farmers work too much by guessing. They do not know the number of acres in each field, or how large a piece of land has been plowed in a day. By knowing the breadth of a lot, one may know the width of each acre, the quantity of seed required, and the product per acre of each crop. The implements to be used, may be a two-rod surveyor's chain or a pocket tape line, a pole eleven feet long, three lengths of which make two rods, yard-sticks graduated, and a small pocket rule for measuring the size of fruit and roots and for other purposes. A frequent use of these measures enables the owner to judge with much accuracy of the distance measured by pacing or hand measuring.

Lower California.

Lower California, an immense territory of 26.12 square miles, contains only 21,000 inhabitants, of which perhaps 1,000 are foreign. As yet it has no telegraphs or cables, and sometimes it is an entire month without receiving news from the outside world. This territory has long been noted for the variety of dyes which it produces, such as orchilla weed, etc., but the tovote tree bark, recently discovered, has come into great demand, and several large shiploads have been exported to Europe. As yet there seems to be but little demand for the article in the United States, although it is cheaper than orchilla and other dyes, producing in its natural state a dark red color, which is quite indelible. It is now collected and sold in the market of La Paz at $1 to $1.50 per 100 pounds and the supply seems to be enormous.

Sisal-Hemp.

Sisal-hemp culture is making marvelous progress in the Bahamas. Capitalists from Great Britain, Canada, and Newfoundland bought 120,000 acres of government land last year, and are putting it into sisal, but the government has declined to sell more land at present. Unimproved private lands can be bought for from $8 to $12 per acre. It is believed that in a short time the exports, which now average about $600,000, will run up into the millions. Sisal plants are in great demand, and the price has advanced from six to thirty-six cents per dozen. A plantation once started needs no replanting for several years. Quantities of old plants have lately been discovered on some of the Florida keys, which suggests a trial of the hemp industry in Southern Florida.

Black Walnut.

To raise black walnut trees, gather the nuts when fully ripe this fall and plant them in rows, dropping a nut every six inches, covering two or three inches deep. If the soil is light and very rich, the seedlings will produce a larger number of fibrous roots than if planted on a heavy clay or loam. When the seedlings are one year old dig up and cut away about one-half the length of the tap-root and then replant in nursery rows, placing the plants about two feet apart in the rows, and the rows should be at least four feet apart to admit of cultivating the trees with plow and cultivator. When the trees have reached a height of from four to six feet dig up and plant them where wanted around your farm.

Legal Advertisements.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

By virtue of sundry writs of Fi. Fa. issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of Columbia County, Pennsylvania, and to me directed, will be exposed to public sale at the Court House, Bloomsburg, on

MONDAY, SEPTEMBER 24, 1894,

at 2 o'clock p. m., the following:

All that certain messuage, tenement and tract of land, situate in the Township of Madison, County of Columbia and State of Pennsylvania, bounded as follows, to-wit: Beginning at a walnut (formerly a Spanish oak) thence by lands now believed to be of Abraham Broadt's heirs, formerly John Allen, north sixty-eight and a half degrees west nineteen and three-tenths perches to a post, thence by land now believed to be of Hugh McCollum (in old deed John A. Funston) south thirty-eight and a half degrees west forty perches to a post, thence south sixty-eight and a half degrees east nineteen and three-tenths perches to a post at the big road, thence along said road and land believed to be of the heirs of Abraham Broadt (in old deed John Allen) north thirty-nine degrees east forty perches to the place of beginning, containing

FIVE ACRES OF LAND.

Tract No. 2. Beginning at a post in the above mentioned lot at the said big road, thence by said road south thirty-nine degrees west twelve perches to a post, thence by land believed to be of Hugh McCollum (in old deed John A. Funston) north sixty-three degrees west thirteen and four-tenths perches to a post, thence by the same north thirty-nine degrees east twelve perches to a post, thence by the aforesaid lot south sixty-three degrees east thirteen and four-tenths perches to the place of beginning, containing

ONE ACRE OF LAND.

Tract No. 3. Beginning at a post a corner believed to be of William Barber's heirs (in old deed land of Jacob McCollum) thence by said land north thirty-eight and a half degrees east twenty perches to a post, thence north fifty-one degrees west one perch to a post, thence by said land and land believed to be of Conrad Kramer (in old deed land of Caleb Thomas) north thirty-eight and a half degrees east seventy and one-third perches to a post, thence by said land north forty-nine and a half degrees west forty-five and a half perches to a post, thence by the road leading from J. Allen's to Smith's &c., south thirty-eight and a half degrees west eighty-two and one-third perches to a post, thence by land believed to be of Katie A. Welliver and Hurst Stout (in old deed land of John Allen and James Stout) south fifty degrees east nine and nine-tenths perches to a post, thence by lot of the said Stout south thirty-eight and a half degrees west eighty-eight perches to a post at the side of the State Road leading from Catawissa to Muncy, thence by said road south fifty degrees east six perches to a post, thence across said road and by land of ——— Swisher south forty-four and a half degrees west twenty-one perches to a post, thence by lands believed to be of Daniel Welliver's heirs (in old deed land of Russel Park) south fifty degrees east seven and a half perches to a post, thence by the same south forty-four and a half degrees west sixty-seven and three-tenths perches to a post, thence by land believed to be of Samuel Johnson (in old deed Ph. Welliver) south fifty degrees east sixteen and six-tenths perches to a post, thence north forty-nine degrees east three and seven-tenths perches to a post, thence south fifty-one degrees east thirty perches to a post, thence by land believed to be of Hurst Stout, David Phillips and others (in old deed land of Adam Welliver) north forty-nine degrees east seventeen perches to a post, thence by the same north forty-three degrees west twenty-nine and six-tenths perches to a post, thence north forty-nine degrees east sixty-two perches to a post at the aforesaid State Road, thence by the same south fifty degrees west one and seven-tenths perches to the place of beginning, containing

40 ACRES AND 54 PERCHES

of land, more or less.

Tract No. 4. All that certain real estate situate in the Township of Madison, aforesaid, bounded by lands of Amanda Watson, deceased, other lands of John Swisher, lands of Abraham Broadt's heirs, from which it is separated by a public road and other containing

FOUR ACRES,

being the same tract of land which, under proceedings in the Orphans' Court of Columbia County, were sold to John Swisher by D. A. Watson, guardian, &c., and conveyed to him by indenture dated March 16, 1864, and subsequently vested in Mary M. Phillips by deed dated January 30, 1886. Also, all that certain messuage, tenement and tract of land situate in Madison township aforesaid, bounded and described as follows, to-wit: Beginning at a corner of a public road and lands of Mrs. A. Phillips, thence by said land south forty-nine degrees east two hundred and nine perches to a corner of lands herein before described thence by said lands south forty-eight and a half degrees west forty-five and two-tenths perches to a corner on lands of Samuel Johnson, thence by the same north forty-eight degrees west sixteen and six-tenths perches to said public road, thence along said road to the place of beginning, containing

5 ACRES AND 35 PERCHES

of land, formerly the property of Daniel Welliver, deceased, and conveyed to Henry G. Phillips by the heirs of said Daniel Welliver, deceased, by their indenture dated the 30th day of July, 1880, and by Henry G. Phillips and Sarah A. his wife, conveyed to Mary M. Phillips by deed dated the 30th day of January, 1886. The said tracts above described constituting one entire tract upon which is erected a

FRAME DWELLING HOUSE,

barn and other outbuildings.

ALSO:

All that certain piece or parcel of land situate in Madison township, County of Columbia, and State of Pennsylvania, bounded and described as follows, to-wit: On the north and east by lands of Henry Kramer, on the south by Samuel Johnson, on the west by Mrs. Jane Ord, containing

62 ACRES OF LAND,

more or less, whereon is erected a

FRAME DWELLING HOUSE,

frame barn and other outbuildings.

Seized, taken into execution at the suit of Mary M. Phillips vs. Henry G. Ort, and to be sold as the property of Henry G. Ort.

JOHN MOUREY, Sheriff.

WINTERSTEEN, Attorney.

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.

Estate of Michael Federolf, deceased.

The undersigned, an auditor appointed by the Orphans' Court of Columbia County to make distribution of money in the hands of D. B. Federolf, administrator, as shown by his first and second accounts, will sit at his office in Bloomsburg, on Monday, September 17, 1894, at 9 o'clock a. m., to perform the duties of his appointment, when and where all persons having claims against said estate must appear and prove the same, or be debarred from coming in on said fund.

J. B. ROBISON,
Auditor.

8-24-4t.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

By virtue of a writ of Alias Fi. Fa. issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of Columbia County, Pennsylvania, and to me directed, will be exposed to public sale at the Court House, Bloomsburg, on

MONDAY, SEPTEMBER 24, 1894,

at 2 o'clock p. m., the following.

A lot of land situate in the township of Jackson, in said county, being the late residence of Matthew McHenry, deceased, being lot No. 2 in the division of his property by the said Matthew, and containing

84 ACRES AND 137 PERCHES,

more or less. Being the same land devised to said Miles A. McHenry by said Matthew, by will dated September 28, 1887.

Seized, taken into execution at the suit of Mary E. Covanhovan vs. Miles A. McHenry, and to be sold as the property of Miles A. McHenry.

JOHN MOUREY, Sheriff.

FREEZE, Attorney.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

By virtue of a writ of Fi. Fa. issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of Columbia County, Pennsylvania, and to me directed, will be exposed to public sale at the Court House, Bloomsburg, on

MONDAY, SEPTEMBER 24, 1894,

at 2 o'clock p. m., the following:

All that certain lot or piece of ground situate in Madison township, County of Columbia, and State of Pennsylvania, bounded and described as follows, to-wit: On the north by Silas Welliver, Mercy Johnson and Cyrus Demott, on the east by P. A. Evans, on the south by P. A. Evans and on the west by Erastus Hendershot, S. B. Johnson and Mariah E. Smith, containing

SIXTY ACRES,

more or less, whereon is erected a

FRAME HOUSE,

barn and other outbuildings.

Seized, taken into execution at the suit of William Gingles vs. Valentine Welliver and Daniel Welliver, and to be sold as the property of Valentine Welliver and Daniel Welliver.

JOHN MOUREY, Sheriff.

IKELER, Attorney.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

By virtue of a Levari Facias issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of Columbia County, Pennsylvania, and to me directed, will be exposed to public sale at the Court House, Bloomsburg, on

MONDAY, SEPTEMBER 24, 1894,

at 2 o'clock p. m., the following:

All that certain tract of land situate in the township of Mount Pleasant, in the County of Columbia, State of Pennsylvania, bounded and described as follows, to-wit: Beginning at a stone in line of land of heirs of Samuel Seibert, deceased, and running thence by the same south five degrees east forty-two and eight-tenths perches to a stone, thence south twenty-three degrees west thirty perches to a stone, thence by land of John Hoffman, south two degrees east fifty-four perches to a stone, thence by lands of Howard Grimes, John K. Mordan and William Oman north forty-two degrees west one hundred forty-eight and two-tenths perches to a stone, thence by land of Thomas C. Oman, north seventy-two and one-half degrees east forty perches to a stone, thence south forty-six and a quarter degrees east seventeen and three-tenths perches to a stone, thence north sixty-six and three-quarter degrees east thirty-one and two-tenths perches to a stone, and thence north eighty-six and three-quarter degrees east twenty-two and eight-tenths perches to the place of beginning, containing

40 ACRES AND 90 PERCHES,

strict measure, together with the hereditaments and appurtenances.

Seized, taken into execution at the suit of Henry F. Oman, Executor of the last will and testament of George Oman, deceased, now to the use of Henry F. Oman and A. B. White vs. David Oman, and to be sold as the property of David Oman.

JOHN MOUREY, Sheriff.

EVERT, Attorney.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

By virtue of a writ of Fi. Fa. issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of Columbia County, Pennsylvania, and to me directed, will be exposed to public sale at the Court House, Bloomsburg, on

MONDAY, SEPTEMBER 24, 1894,

at 2 o'clock p. m., the following:

All that certain piece or parcel of land situate, lying and being in Benton, in the township of Benton, in the County of Columbia, and State of Pennsylvania, bounded and described as follows, viz: Beginning at a corner by the public road up Fishingcreek, a corner of lot No. 87, thence by said road north twenty-eight and a quarter degrees east three rods to a corner by an alley, thence by said alley south sixty-one and three-quarters degrees east thirteen and four-tenths rods to a corner at an alley, thence by said alley south twenty-eight and one-quarter degrees west three perches to a corner of the northeast corner of lot No. 87, thence by said lot north sixty-one and three-quarters degrees west thirteen and four-tenth rods to the place of beginning, containing

FORTY SQUARE PERCHES

of land, strict measure, (it being lot number thirty-eight (38) in the north part of Benton, laid out by Richard Stiles in 1870) on which is erected a two-story

FRAME DWELLING HOUSE,

stable and other outbuildings.

Seized, taken into execution at the suit of A. P. Kester vs. George W. Hirleman, and to be sold as the property of George W. Hirleman.

JOHN MOUREY, Sheriff.

WINTERSTEEN, Attorney.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

By virtue of a writ of Fi. Fa. issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of Columbia County, Pennsylvania, and to me directed, will be exposed to public sale at the Court House, Bloomsburg, on

MONDAY, SEPTEMBER 24, 1894,

at 2 o'clock p. m., the following:

All that certain piece or tract of land situate in Orange township, on the public road leading from Bloomsburg to Benton and a fourth mile above Light Street, whereon is erected a fine

DWELLING HOUSE,

barn, stable and hog pen and other outbuildings with a good variety of fine fruit; being bounded on the north by lands of H. W. Vandersliee and Harry Seesholtz, east by Wm. Drake, Mrs. H. Hartman and late I. W. McKelvy, south by A. Custer, and west by B. & S. R. R. and H. W. Vandersliee, containing

70 ACRES, more or less,

ALSO—at the same time and place

160 ACRES, more or less,

unseated land, situate in Centre and Fishingcreek townships, bounded by lands of Widow Barrett on the north, Isaac Reichart on the east, C. Wagner et. al. on the south, and G. M. Lockard on the west.

Seized, taken into execution at the suit of Wm. Krickbaum vs. John W. Hoffman, and to be sold as the property of John W. Hoffman.

JOHN MOUREY, Sheriff.

ORPHANS' COURT SALE

—OF VALUABLE—

REAL ESTATE.

In pursuance of an order of the Orphans' Court of Columbia county, Penna., the undersigned, one of the administrators of the estate of Sylvester Pursel, late of the township of Hemlock, in said county, deceased, will expose to public sale at the homestead of said deceased on tract below-mentioned as number one, in said township of Hemlock, on

SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 15, '94,

at ten o'clock in the forenoon of said day, the following described real estate, to-wit:

No. 1. A tract of land, homestead of said deceased, situate in said Hemlock township, bounded by lands of Isaac G. Pursel, estate of Mrs. Mary Unangst, deceased, other lands of said deceased and Reuben H. Guild, containing about

136 ACRES,

and eighty perches, more or less. Upon this tract there are a large

STONE DWELLING HOUSE,

with kitchen, etc., a wooden tenant or farmer's house, a large frame bank barn with straw shed, wagon shed, and other out buildings. It is largely under cultivation, has apple orchard and other fruit trees, and is well watered—situated about two and one-half miles from Bloomsburg. A grant or lease of iron ore etc., therein held by William Neal and sons or others.

No. 2. A tract or piece of land adjoining the above mentioned tract No. 1 on the eastward, and bounded by the same, and lands of Peter A. Evans and others, containing about

39 ACRES,

all, or nearly all under cultivation. A grant, lease, or reservation of iron ore, etc. therein, held by the Bloomsburg Iron Company or others.

No. 3. A tract of unseated land, in said Hemlock township, bounded by lands of Isaac G. Pursel, Reuben H. Guild and others, containing

23 ACRES

and fifty-four perches, more or less. A grant, lease, or reservation of iron ore, etc. therein, held by William Neal and sons, or others.

No. 4. A certain piece, lot, or parcel of ground, situate in Wedgetown, said township of Hemlock, containing one-fourth of an acre, more or less, bounded on the north by an alley, south and east by road, and west by public road leading from Bloomsburg to Jerseytown, upon which there are a one and a half story

DWELLING HOUSE,

frame stable and well of water with fruit trees, etc.

No. 5. A tract of unseated land in said Hemlock township, bounded by lands of Hugh D. McBride, I. G. Pursel and others, containing

38 ACRES

and sixty-nine perches, more or less, in which the decedent owned the undivided one-half of the surface and the undivided one-fourth of the iron ore. Grants or leases, or reservations of iron ore, etc. therein, held by William Neal and sons, H. D. McBride, or others.

Tract No. 1 is a desirable and valuable farm property, located conveniently to market. No. 2 is a valuable and conveniently located tract of farm land. No. 4 is a village dwelling property. Nos. 3 and 5 are wood tracts. All the right, title and interest of the said deceased, in and to the aforesaid lands will be exposed to sale as aforesaid.

TERMS OF SALE: Ten per cent. of one-fourth of the purchase money to be paid at the striking down of the property: the one-fourth less the ten per cent. at the confirmation of sale; and the remaining three-fourths in one year thereafter, with interest from confirmation nisi.

All crops in the ground reserved. Purchaser to pay for deed.

F. D. DENTLER,
Administrator.
P. O. Bloomsburg, Pa

3t.

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.

Estate of Samuel Adams, deceased.

Notice is hereby given that the undersigned Auditor appointed by the Orphans' Court of Columbia County to distribute the fund in the hands of Jeremiah Snyder, Administrator cum testamento annexo of the estate of Samuel Adams, deceased, will sit at the office of W. H. Rhawn, Esq., in the Town of Catawissa, in said County on the 10th day of September, 1894, at ten o'clock A. M., to perform the duties of his said appointment; when and where all parties interested may appear and present their claims or be forever debarred from coming in on said fund.

R. RUSH ZARR,
Auditor.

8-17-4t.

CHARTER NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that an application will be made to the Governor of Pennsylvania on the 18th day of September 1894, by John E. Lockard, George M. Lockard, Richard W. Oswald, Grant Herring and William P. Meigs, under the Act of Assembly, approved April 29th, 1874, entitled "An act to provide for the incorporation and regulation of certain corporations," and the supplements thereto, for the charter of an intended corporation to be called "The Bloomsburg Car Manufacturing Company," the character and object of which are a corporation for the purpose of manufacturing iron or steel, or both, or of any other metal, or of any article of commerce from metal or wood, or both, as provided by Paragraph IV, clause 17, Section 1 of the Act of 29th of April, 1874, and for these purposes to have, possess, and enjoy all the rights, benefits and privileges of said Act of Assembly and supplements thereto.

GRANT HERRING,
Solicitor.

8-24-4t.

CHARTER NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that an application will be made to the court of Common Pleas of Columbia County, on Wednesday, the 26th day of September, A. D., 1894, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, under Act of Assembly entitled "An Act to provide for the incorporation and regulation of certain corporations," approved April 29, 1874, and the supplements thereto, by A. Z. Schoch, J. C. Brown, Paul E. Wirt, P. S. Harman, Frank Ikeler, C. W. Funston, Joseph Ratti, W. S. Moyer, and others, for the charter of an intended corporation to be called "The Bloomsburg Club," the character and object of which is of a social nature, and for these purposes to have, possess, and enjoy all the rights and benefits and privileges conferred by the Act of Assembly aforesaid, and its supplements.

GEO. E. ELWELL,
FRED IKELER,
Solicitors.

8-31-4t.

NOTICE.

To James Boone and all whom it may concern.

Take notice that a petition has been presented to the Court of Common Pleas of Columbia County, setting forth the execution by Joshua Hause, of a mortgage on a tract of land in the Township of Bloom, County of Columbia, Penna., bounded by the Susquehanna river, by lands late of Benjamin Boone; lands of Samuel Boone, and lands of Thomas Malone, containing 106 acres, and allowances; payable to James Boone; to secure payment of $3000—in six successive annual payments of $500—each, beginning A. D., 1834. Said mortgage being recorded in the office for recording deeds, &c., at Bloomsburg, in Mortgage Book No. 2, page 86, &c., and that by reason of lapse of time the legal presumption of its payment exists, and no satisfaction appears on the record thereof; and praying the Court to decree satisfaction of said mortgage to be entered of record, in the event of non-appearance of any person to answer the said petition at the next term of said Court to-wit: The first return day of September Term, 1894.

JOHN MOUREY,
Sheriff

SHERIFF'S OFFICE,
Bloomsburg, Pa., August 22 1894. 8-24-4t

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that the following account has been filed in the Court of Common Pleas of Columbia county and will be presented to the said Court on the last Monday of September A. D., 1894, and confirmed Nisi, and unless exceptions are filed within four days thereafter will be confirmed absolute:

The first and partial account of A. P. Young, Trustee of Amanda Cox.

Prothy. office, Aug. 24, 1894.

G. M. QUICK,
Prothy.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

N. U. FUNK,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
Mrs. Ent's Building, Court House Alley,
BLOOMSBURG, PA.

A. L. FRITZ,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
Post Office Building, 2nd floor,
BLOOMSBURG, PA.

C. W. MILLER,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
Wirt's Building, 2nd floor,
BLOOMSBURG, PA.

JOHN G. FREEZE. JOHN G. HARMAN
FREEZE & HARMAN,
ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELLORS AT LAW,
BLOOMSBURG, PA.
Offices: Centre St., first door below Opera House

GEO. E. ELWELL,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
Columbian Building, 2nd floor,
BLOOMSBURG, PA.

WM. H. MAGILL,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW.
BLOOMSBURG, PA.
Office in M. E. Ent's building.

W. H. SNYDER,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
Office 2nd floor Columbian building,
BLOOMSBURG, PA.

ROBERT R. LITTLE,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
Columbian Building, 2nd floor,
BLOOMSBURG, PA.

THOMAS B. HANLY,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
Mrs. Ents' Building,
BLOOMSBURG, PA.

H. V. WHITE. A. N. YOST.
WHITE & YOST
ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW
Wirt Building, Court House Square.
BLOOMSBURG, PA.

H. A. McKILLIP.
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW.
Columbian Building, 2nd Floor.
BLOOMSBURG, PA.

FRED IKELER,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW.
Office back of Farmers' National Bank.
BLOOMSBURG, PA.

R. RUSH ZARR,
—ATTORNEY-AT-LAW.—
BLOOMSBURG, PA.
Office in Clark's Block, corner of 2nd and Centre Streets, 1-12-'94

W. A. EVERT,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW.
BLOOMSBURG, PA.
(Office over Farmers' National Bank, in Mrs. Ent's Building.) 1-12-'94.

JOHN M. CLARK,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW AND JUSTICE OF THE PEACE,
Moyer Bros. Building, 2nd floor,
BLOOMSBURG, PA.

J. H. MAIZE,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, INSURANCE AND REAL ESTATE AGENT,
Office in Lockard's Building.
BLOOMSBURG, PA.

B. FRANK ZARR,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
Clark's Building, cor. Main and Centre Sts.,
BLOOMSBURG, Pa.
Can be consulted in German.

W. H. RHAWN,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
Office, corner of Third and Main Streets,
CATAWISSA, PA.

J. B. McKELVY, M. D.,
SURGEON AND PHYSICIAN,
Office, North side Main St., below Market,
BLOOMSBURG, PA.

DR. J. C. RUTTER,
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON,
Office, North Market Street,
BLOOMSBURG, PA.

SPECIAL ATTENTION TO DISEASES OF CHILDREN
H. BIERMAN, M. D.
HOMŒOPATHIC PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON
OFFICE HOURS: Office & Residence, 208 W. 2d. St.
Until 9 A. M., BLOOMSBURG, PA.
1 to 2 and 7 to 8 P. M.

S. B. ARMENT, M. D.
Office and Residence No. 18, West Fifth
DISEASES OF THE THROAT AND NOSE A SPECIALTY.
OFFICE HOURS. 8 to 10 A.M. 2 to 4 P. M. 7 to 9 P. M. BLOOMSBURG, PA.

DR. ANDREW GRAYDON,
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON,
BLOOMSBURG, PA.
Office and residence in Prof. Waller's House
* MARKET STREET *
TELEPHONE.

DR. J. R. EVANS,
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON,
Treatment of Chronic Diseases a Specialty.
Office corner Third and Jefferson streets.
BLOOMSBURG, PA.

HONORA A. ROBBINS, M. D.,
Office, West First Street,
BLOOMSBURG, PA.
Special attention given to the eye and the fitting of glasses.

J. J. BROWN, M. D.,
Market Street. BLOOMSBURG, Pa.
THE EYE A SPECIALTY.
Eyes treated, tested, fitted with glasses and Artificial Eyes supplied.
Hours 10 to 4. Telephone Connection.

DR. M. J. HESS,
Graduate of the Philadelphia Dental College. Office 2nd floor front, Lockard's Building, corner of Main and Centre Streets,
BLOOMSBURG, PA.,
Dentistry in all its branches, Work guaranteed as represented. Ether and Gas administered or ELECTRIC VIBRATOR and Local Anæsthetics used for the painless extraction of teeth free of charge when artificial teeth are inserted.
Lockard's Building, 2nd floor, Corner Main and Centre.

DR. W. H. HOUSE,
SURGEON DENTIST,
Office, Barton's Building, Main below Market
BLOOMSBURG, PA.
All styles of work done in a superior manner, and all work warranted as represented.
TEETH EXTRACTED WITHOUT PAIN, by the use of Gas, and free of charge when artificial teeth are inserted.
To be open all hours during the day.

DR. C. S. VAN HORN,
—DENTIST.—
Office corner of East and Main streets, opposite Town Hall.
Office hours 8:30 to 12 a. m; 2 to 5 p. m.
BLOOMSBURG, PA.

C. WATSON McKELVY,
FIRE INSURANCE AGENT.
(Successor to B. F. Hartman
Represents twelve of the strongest Companies in the world, among which are:

	CASH CAPITAL.	TOTAL ASSETS.	SURPLUS OVER ALL.
Franklin of Phila..	$400,000	$3,168,529	$1,000,502
Penn'a. Phila.....	400,000	3,825,160	1,419,566
Queen, of N. Y.	500,000	3,528,915	1,021,698
Westchester, N. Y.	300,000	1,753,307	428,780
N. America, Phila.	3,000,000	9,730,689	2,364,725

OFFICE IN I. W. McKELVY'S STORE.
Losses promptly adjusted and paid.

M. P. LUTZ & SON,
(SUCCESSORS TO FREAS BROWN)
INSURANCE AND REAL ESTATE
AGENTS AND BROKERS.
N. W. Corner Main and Centre. Streets,
BLOOMSBURG, PA.
Represent Seventeen as good Companies as there are in the World and all losses promptly adjusted and paid at their Office.

CHRISTIAN. F. KNAPP,
FIRE INSURANCE,
BLOOMSBURG, PA.
Home, of N. Y.; Merchants of Newark, N. J.; Clinton, N. Y.; Peoples', N. Y.; Reading, Pa; German American Ins. Co., New York; Greenwich Insurance Co., New York; Jersey City Fire Ins. Co., Jersey City, N. J.
These old corporations are well secured by age and fire tested, and have never yet had a loss settled by any court of law. Their assets are all invested in solid securities, and liable to the hazard of fire only.
Losses promptly and honestly adjusted and paid as soon as determined, by Christian F. Knapp, Special Agent and Adjuster, Bloomsburg, Pa.
The people of Columbia county should patronize the agency where losses, if any, are settled and paid by one of their own citizens.

EXCHANGE HOTEL,
JAMES McCLOSKEY Proprietor,
(Opposite the Court House)
BLOOMSBURG, PA.
Large and convenient sample rooms. Bath rooms, hot and cold water, and all modern conveniences.

ST. ELMO HOTEL.
MAIN STREET NEAR IRON.
Having purchased this hotel from J. L. Girton, I respectfully ask a fair share of public patronage. The house is provided with all modern conveniences, the table is supplied in first class style, and the bar is stocked with fine wines, liquors and cigars.
H. F. Dietterich,
PROPRIETOR
Dec 8, '93

THE COLUMBIAN.

BLOOMSBURG, PA.

FOR SALE.

Desirable vacant lots and a number of good houses and lots in Bloomsburg, Pa The best business stand in Bloomsburg. A very desirable property containing 12 acres and first class buildings with good will in a business worth $1200 to $1500 per year at Willow Grove.

Dwellings in Espy, Orangeville and Beach Haven. A large number of farms in Columbia County, one in Luzerne County, one in Virginia. Two Country Store Stands in Columbia County and one in Luzerne County. A water power planing mill, dry dock and lumber yard and sheds in Beach Haven, Pa. Also 10 acres of good farm land at same place, by M. P. LUTZ & SON, Insurance and Real Estate Agents, BLOOMSBURG, PA. tf.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

ROOMS FOR YOUNG MEN.—M. M. PHILLIPS has very desirable furnished rooms for six young men. Bath room adjoining, for use of occupants of the rooms. Call and examine. 5-19-tf.

ALL KINDS OF BLANKS FOR JUSTICES and CONSTABLES at the COLUMBIAN office. tf.

BADGES. WE ARE PREPARED TO SHOW samples of metal, celluloid, woven and ribbon badges for all kinds of orders and societies, and can have them made to order on short notice. See samples and get prices. Address THE COLUMBIAN, Bloomsburg, Pa.

NEW LEASE.—A NEW FORM OF LEASE has been printed, and is for sale at this office. Covers everything. 5 cents each or 40 cents a dozen. tf.

JUSTICES AND CONSTABLES FEE BILL.—Justices and constables can procure copies of fee bill under the act of 1893, at THE COLUMBIAN office. It is printed in pamphlet form, and is very convenient for reference. It also contains the act of 1889 concerning the destruction of wolves, wildcats, foxes and minks. They will be sent by mail to any address on receipt of 20 cents in stamps. tf.

NEIGHBORHOOD NEWS.

Interesting Items From Various Points in the County, Reported by Our Staff of Correspondents.

EAST BENTON.

The proverbial rains during camp-meeting did not materialize this season.

But little plowing has been done in this neighborhood preparatory to seeding. The drought is terribly great.

A sister from Michigan writes that no green spear of grass can be seen. Everything drying up.

Plums were very plentiful in our locality. But on account of dry weather they were of an inferior size.

Buckwheat and corn are much injured by the drought.

Thankgivings turkeys will not be as plenty in our neighborhood this season as last. But we have greate reason to give thanks inasmuch the the McKinley bill was way-laid.

Daniel Wenner, of VanCamp, is on the sick list. Until he gets well the roads will have a rest.

A wayward teamster, of New Columbus, lost his road and with a load of shingles entered William Ashelman's field of potatoes and sweet corn through the gate at the barn. Tanglefoot no doubt tangled the brain and he unquestionably imagined that he drove through the tool gate and was driving on the turn-pike. But the fields are not all laid out for public travel and hence they are yet private property.

The oats, as far as people threshed in the neighborhood, turns out very poor. From 8 to 16 bushels per acre is all thus far realized.

So many people seem to seek a livelihood by tramping the highways. Evidently the public highways have more in their employment than any other industry in the country. Every day we meet with venders of patent rights and notions of every description, from a tooth-pick to a locomotive engine, for all uses of farm and cookery with spectacles thrown in. The swarm of swindlers, scalawags, and shylorks is continually increasing. This nuisance sho uld be wholly abated. No one ever begrudges a gift to public charity, but to be beaten out of your cash and grub for which you have no value by these scamps for which you have worked hard, is something more aggravating than one can well bear. We don't let them bother us either.

Noticing that something worked at my corn I presumed that crows were committing depredations upon it; but upon investigation I found that it was the work of hard, brown, fuzzy beetles, considerably larger than large corn grains. They tear the husks back and creep under it by the score and eat all the substance from the cob. In passing other corn fields I saw that something like crows was working at it, which undoubtedly is the work of beetles.

It is said that honey bees are not laying in store much honey this season on account of the drought.

We remember the time when Bloomsburg was not any larger than Benton. Benton is destined to become a prominent town.

It is said that a man might live two hundred years by observing the laws of health. But lightning might strike him; then what?

A man by the name of Lemon married a woman by name of Ade. After marriage it was all Lemon-Ade.

Unless the drought will soon be broken a very short acreage of fall seeding will be the result.

A FEEBLE WOMAN

—suffering from nervous prostration, excitability or dizziness, the result of weakness, derangement, or displacement of the special organs—will find health regained after using Doctor Pierce's Favorite Prescription.

The *one* remedy—standing solitary and alone—for woman's weakness, which is *guaranteed* to benefit or cure, or the money refunded, is the "Favorite Prescription."

What offer could be fairer?

It's a powerful invigorating tonic, a soothing and strengthening nervine.

For women who are run-down and overworked; at the critical periods in woman's life—the change from girlhood to womanhood, and, later, the "change of life"—this is especially adapted to her needs; for it strengthens, regulates, and CURES.

WESTERN FIRES.

Never within the memory of the writer has any such terrible devastation resulted from draught and fire as has been recorded as befalling the Western States this summer. Truthful tales of the most horrible disasters have reached us almost daily for weeks and months in which whole towns bordering on the woods have been destroyed. There have been very heavy financial losses besides the burning of millions of acres of choice timber land. In the battles for homes and property it is estimated that about a thousand lives have been lost. Miles of tracks of railways have been more or less injured, and the general traffic crippled through the burning of bridges. While some towns have been burned out others have narrowly escaped total destruction.

So far as can now be learned the following towns have been destroyed and the following are dead in numbers:—

Hinckley, Minn., 1000 to 1200 inhabitants; 250 dead; 500 to 600 homeless.

Pokegama, Minn., next station southwest of Hinckley; 500 inhabitants, fifty dead.

Mission Creek, next station south of Hinckley, on the St. Paul & Duluth Road, ten dead.

Sandstone Junction, Minn., next station north of Hinckley, on the St. Paul & Duluth Road, twenty-six dead.

Sandstone, second station north of Hinkley, on the Eastern Road, sixty-two dead.

Cromwell, Minn., Carlton County, dead unknown.

Miller, Minn., near Hinckley, of railroad line, twelve dead.

Washburn, Wis.—Mills and millions of feet of lumber destroyed.

Beloit, Wis, in ashes, except one mill and some lumber.

Ashland Junction, Wis., many buildings burned.

Pardridge, Wis, wiped out completely.

Bashaw, Finlayson, Moose Lake Cadott, Glidden, Saxon, Marengo and Highbridge partly destroyed.

Glidden was in danger of total destruction when last heard from.

Haugen, Wis., wiped out,

Shell Lake, Baronette, Granite, Lake, Cumberland, Pineville, Comstock and Forest City, lumber towns in Wisconsin, between Chippewa Falls and Superior, partly destroyed.

The number of dead in these Wisconsin towns and in other parts of the country between Chippewa Falls and Superior is estimated at 100 persons.

The Minnesota conflagration swept everything in its path from Pine City as far as Carlton, near Duluth.

The loss to property at Hinckley is about $800,000.

RAIN AT LAST IN THE FIRE AND DROUGHT STRICKEN WEST.

ST. PAUL, MINN., Sept. 3.

Heavy rain to-day fell in and around Hinckley, the worst devasted region in Minnesota's fire-swept territory, and the panicky feeling which prevailed throughout the northeastern section of the State was allayed.

All day, in both St. Paul and Minneapolis, the leading citizens have been at work arranging for the relief of the fire sufferers, and the work to-night is well under way. A carload of food and clothing will be shipped to Pine City in the morning and other relief as fast as it can be arranged.

Already the contributions in Minneapolis amount to over $2,500. The Firemen's Relief Association appropriated $1,000 and the Police Department will be similarly generous.

It is estimated that the fire destroyed 1,000 square miles of timber in Michigan, while as yet it is impossible to estimate the general devastations resulting from the terrible drought and fire in the west this summer.

COLLARS AND CUFFS that are *waterproof*. Never wilt and not effected by moisture. Clean, neat and durable. When soiled simply wipe off with a wet cloth. The genuine are made by covering a linen collar or cuff on both sides with "celluloid" and as they are the *only* waterproof goods made with such an interlining, it follows that they are the only collars and cuffs that will stand the wear and give satisfaction. Every piece is stamped as follows:

TRADE ELLULOID MARK.

If anything else is offered you it is an imitation. Refuse any but the genuine, and if your dealer does not have what you want send direct to us, enclosing amount and stating size and whether a stand-up or turned-down collar is wanted. Collars 25c. each. Cuffs 50c. pair.

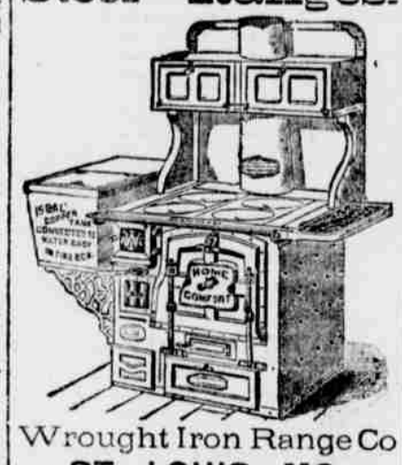
The Celluloid Company,
427-429 Broadway, New York.

Fashionable Livery.

The well known horseman has opened a fashionable livery in connection with his boarding stable at the Exchange Hotel Stables, where fine turnouts can be obtained, single or double. He has well broken and safe saddle and driving horses for ladies, all at reasonable rates. Orders left at the Exchange Hotel will receive prompt attention. Drivers furnished when desired.

tf W. A. HARTZELL, Proprietor

HOME COMFORT Steel Ranges.



Wrought Iron Range Co
—ST. LOUIS MO.—
Founded in 1864. Paid up Capital $1,000,000

PENSYL. COL. CO., PA., Aug. 11, 1894.
Wrought Iron Range Co., St. Louis, Mo.
GENTLEMEN:—We have purchased one of your Home Comfort steel ranges of your salesman, Mr. Spotts, and are pleased to give our testimonial for the benefit of your company and its employees. Have used it in baking bread, which it did nicely in forty minutes, with four small sticks of wood. The oven was ready for baking in twenty minutes from the time the match was applied to the wood.
We can heartily recommend it to all those who are in need of a good range as being far superior to any we have ever used.
D. A. MUNSON.
E. L. MUNSON.

PENSYL. COL. CO., PA., Aug. 11, 1894.
Wrought Iron Range Co., St Louis, Mo.
GENTLEMEN:—Having purchased one of your Home Comfort ranges am pleased to say that in my experience of twenty years housekeeping I find this range to be best I have ever used.
It gives perfect satisfaction in every respect. In fact would use no other.
CELIA P. SHEETS.

CATAWISSA, PA., Aug. 18, '94.
Wrought Iron Range Co., St. Louis, Mo.
GENTLEMEN:—This is to certify that we purchased a Home Comfort range of your agent and it has indeed proved itself a comfort. We have used it with the utmost satisfaction for all cooking, and for baking qualities think it cannot be excelled. We have told our friends that we would not give up this range for one hundred dollars unless we were sure we could purchase another. It affords us great pleasure in recommending it to any family in need of a first-class range.
HENRY GOTSHALL.
MRS. HENRY GOTSHALL.

CATAWISSA, COL. CO., PA., Aug. 11, 1894.
Wrought Iron Range Co., St. Louis, Mo.
GENTLEMEN:—We take pleasure in stating that we are well pleased with the Home Comfort range purchased of Mr. Spotts. It gives entire satisfaction in all respects; it is a good baker, and for general cooking we can conscientiously recommend it to the public.
PHILLIP MANHART,
MRS. PHILLIP MANHART,
LIZZIE MANHART.
8-10-1m.

Lumber For Sale

on Iram Derr's land, near A. J. Derr's store, Jackson township, Pa.

Shingles, Plastering Lath, Hemlock and Pine cut to bills.

We have saw-mills on this tract running daily, and have there on hand and can cut timber &c. at any time.

Shingles, No 1, all 5 and 6 in. selected,	$1.50 M
" No 1, all 5 and 6 in. best pine,	$2.50 M
Plastering lath, 4 ft. long,	$1.50 M
" " 3 ft. long,	$1.25 M
Hemlock, common sizes,	$8.00 M

For special orders and for terms, &c, write or call at office of

CREASY & WELLS,
8-24-1y Bloomsburg, Pa.

The Idea.

A bill recently originated in the Senate prohibiting lobbying. Just think of it! The measure defines professional lobbyists (and our Senators know how to define them) as "those who habitually attempt to influence legislative action."

Now the honorable Senators know that stronger words might be used in defining the lobbyist who not only attempts but generally succeeds in influencing legislation. (Congress would feel lonely without lobbyists). His mere attempt would of course make the bill proposed entirely unnecessary. It is the success and not the attempt of the lobbyist that the astute Senators want to watch up closer by watching themselves.

To have defined the professional lobbyist and even the novices as "those who generally get what they come for, if they go about it right," would have been about correct we think; and to have mentioned the fact that it is the eloquence of their money that makes their importunities irresistible would have been to hit the nail right square on the head.

Of course our statesmen have a perfect right to thus defend themselves against irresistible and vicious influences from any and every source, and the measure as a whole must be admitted to have a righteous tenor. For this particular reason, the righteous tenor of it, we tremble for its fate when we consider the real and not the affected moral status of Congress.

In our opinion it is very doubtful whether prohibition will ever prohibit lobbying under any such weak terms as those proposed in the measure referred to; for it will be observed that none but "habitual" lobbying is prohibited. The spasmodic lobbyist with a pocket full of money with which to defend his rich employer's interests gives no offense against the law, because his case as a lobbyist is not chronic. He may never have tried his hand at bribery before, and yet prove to be quite an expert in influencing legislation by putting his firm's money where it will do the most good to the firm, or to the industry he represents.

A higher sense of honor on the part of our statesmen, who are very well paid for the services they are supposed to render is the only lobby prohibition or restraint we can think of under the present demoralized conditions in Congress.

Why, the introduction of such a bill in the proud upper House of Congress is an avowed acknowledgment of lack of honor and fidelity on the part of our highest public officials! They thus virtually admit (and it is generally known to-day) themselves too weak to withstand the temptations of professional lobbyists with pockets full of money. The people at large will, we greatly fear, continue to suffer from the result of congressional weakness and lobby strength until principle rather than pelf actuates our modern statesmen.

What Causes the Hard Times?

Judge Hubbard, of Iowa, says it is the existence of private corporations.

George Gould says it is the hostility to corporations.

The farmer says it is the low price of wheat.

The silver man says it is the action of Wall street.

Wall street says it is the action of silver men.

The manufacturer says it is the fear of free trade.

The consumer says it is the tariff.

The debtor says it is the creditor.

The creditor says it is the debtor.

The Democrats say it is the Republicans.

The Republicans say it is the Democrats.

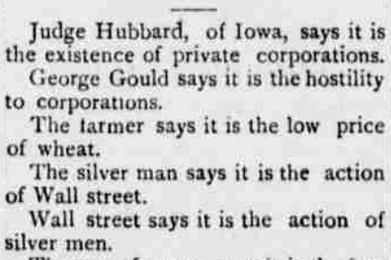
The Populists say it is both.

The Prohibitionists say it is whiskey.

Now, what is your idea?—*Conductor and Driver.*

Our idea is that debt, national and individual, is the primary cause; and that the demand of payment in the face of over-production and the deliberate closing of business, in many cases for political effect, is the secondary cause. What's your idea?

DR. KILMER'S SWAMP-ROOT



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joints or hips, sediment in urine like brick-dust frequent calls or retention, rheumatism.

Kidney Complaint,
Diabetes, dropsy, scanty or high colored urine.

Urinary Troubles,
Stinging sensations when voiding, distress pressure in the parts, urethral irritation, stricture.

Disordered Liver,
Bloat or dark circles under the eyes, tongue coated, constipation, yellowish eyeballs.

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Whether that is just right or not we leave it to others. People always go where the most can be gotten for their *cash*.

Now, we are willing to be put to the *test* in prices. Persons from a distance come to us as the CHEAP CASH STORE. They have seen the goods others have bought, learned our prices from them and from the papers, have examined the styles, quality, &c. Others have looked around our place and seen our goods to be clean and fresh and of the latest styles. They have talked the matter over with their neighbors. We are glad to please, glad to see, and glad to get their cash and their good will. Come on. New muslin, calicos and fall goods this and next week. New lot of table oil cloth.

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